

COMMERCIAL CLUB
ELECTS OFFICERS

Suggestions Made at Regular Meeting for Big Free Entertainment Here This Fall.

NEW FACTORIES DISCUSSED

Communications From Several Concerns Desiring to Locate New Plants Are Read.

The meeting of the Commercial Club was held at the city building Monday night and was attended by a fair representation of its members. The session was called to order by President H. C. Johnson, and after the minutes of the last meeting were read by the secretary, C. B. Davis, several communications from companies desiring to locate factories were read and discussed.

The President stated that these communications had been answered, and an invitation extended to the several companies to send a representative to Seymour to investigate the excellent facilities afforded by the city and to talk the proposition over in detail. As several of the communications have been answered recently no replies have been received, but it was expected that answers would be made soon. Several of the companies have representatives making inspection trips to the various cities and probably some of them will be here in the near future.

The communication from the piano key factory was read, but it was decided to take no definite action upon this proposition.

A letter from a match factory was read and several of the members said they thought this would be a good concern to locate in Seymour and suggested that further details be secured. A communication from a handle factory and from several other concerns were discussed.

J. F. Shiel, chairman of the entertainment committee, reported that some investigation had been made regarding a two days' entertainment some time this fall. He suggested that premiums be given upon poultry, corn, wheat and other products in which the farmers are interested, and that the entertainment be free. It was also suggested that a well known lecturer be secured to give several talks upon farming or kindred subjects. It was his plan to have the entertainment and displays upon Third street from the Pennsylvania road to the corporation line. This would afford sufficient space for an automobile race, if it was decided to hold it. He stated that similar entertainments had been given by a number of towns in the state and that they had proven very satisfactory to the citizens and also to the farmers. The report of the entertainment committee met with the approval of the club, and it was the belief of those present that such a plan would attract a large number of visitors to the city.

It was the regular meeting for the election of officers for the coming year and the president appointed a committee composed of H. T. Bennett, Frank J. Voss and Mayor Allen Swope to make the nominations.

The committee reported the follow-

AWAITING "FATHER'S" APPROVAL



(Copyright.)

ing names and they were unanimously elected:

President.....W. L. Johnson
Vice President.....N. Kaufman
Treasurer.....J. H. Andrews
Members of the Board of directors:
H. C. Johnson, T. S. Blish, J. C. Hagerty, George Huber, Victor Fettig, J. H. Matlock and A. H. Ahlbrand.

The secretary will be appointed by the board of directors.

WILL NOT ACCEPT

W. L. Johnson Refuses Presidency of Commercial Club.

W. L. Johnson, who was elected president of the Commercial Club Monday night states that he will not accept the position and has handed the following statement to this paper for publication:

In my absence, and without my knowledge, or consent, I was elected President of the Seymour Commercial Club last night, and while I appreciate the "kindness" of my friends, under no conditions will I accept the office and I take this means of notifying the public of my position.

W. L. Johnson.

Country Club.

The June committee of the Country Club will give an informal dance at the club house Wednesday evening, June 26. All members and associate members invited.

Roosevelt Meeting.

Jackson County Roosevelt Club will meet at city hall Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Business of importance. Let every member and every Roosevelt man be present. j25d
Jackson County Roosevelt Club.

For all kinds of summer shoes go to P. Colabuono's and save money. dtf

A daughter was born June 25, to Mr. and Mrs. David Dunn.

Seymour Business College Phone 403

BOOSTERS VISIT
LOCAL MERCHANTS

Fifty-six Indianapolis Wholesale Dealers Spent an Hour In This City.

CAME ON THREE SPECIAL CARS

Charles A. Bookwalter Tells of the Object of the Trips—Says He is For Taft.

Fifty-six Indianapolis "Trade Boosters" arrived in the city at 12:35 this afternoon and remained one hour visiting among the merchants and dealers. The party, composed of wholesalers, jobbers and bankers left Indianapolis this morning in three special interurban cars over the Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern Traction line and stopped at practically every town between Indianapolis and Scottsburg. The party was accompanied by the Indianapolis News' Boys' band composed of fifty members under the personal direction of the leader Prof. J. B. Wandaworker.

The visitors formed in line of march at the interurban station and headed by the News Boys' band marched to Second street and then south to Tipton street and then counter-marched to the interurban station, where the line of march was broken and the members of the party started out to visit the merchants and tell them what excellent wholesale houses Indianapolis afforded and the unparalleled advantages that may be found by trading in the capital city.

One of the most distinguished mem-

bers of the party was Charles A. Bookwalter, vice-president of the Indianapolis Trade Association and formerly mayor of Indianapolis. Mr. Bookwalter made the trip with F. I. Willis in an automobile, and was able to make practically the same schedule of the interurban cars. Mr. Bookwalter said that their little machine was a wonderful car, for they could keep right up with the traction cars and not violate the state speed laws. Br. Bookwalter and Mr. Willis left Columbus about the same time the car left the station and arrived in Seymour only five minutes after the car.

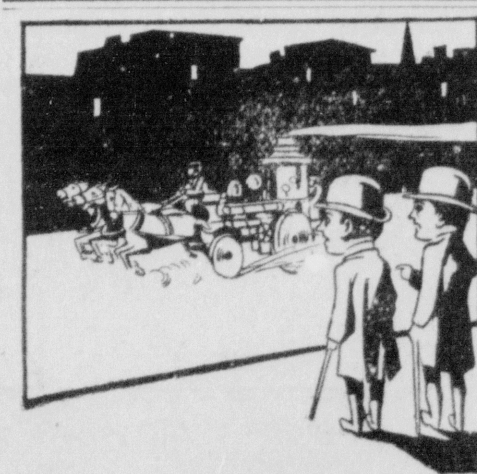
When asked if he had anything to say about politics, he said: "Nothing special, just for Taft. I believe," continued Mr. Bookwalter, "that Mr. Taft has made an excellent President and has followed the platform adopted by the party. If any mistakes have been made they cannot be laid to Mr. Taft himself but to the party in adopting the planks which were a part of the platform."

In speaking of these trips and of the object of the Indianapolis men in making the tour, Mr. Bookwalter said:

"We men in the manufacturing, jobbing and banking lines in Indianapolis, have just waked up to the fact that there are a lot of good people in Indiana that we do not know."

"But I want to say to you, that Indianapolis has waked up, and I firmly believe that this new commercial organization, The Indianapolis Trade Association, has accomplished the result. And I am not trying to throw any bouquets at this association. But I believe in giving credit where credit is due. We men in this association were perhaps no wiser and no more energetic than any of the other citizens of Indianapolis. But we were shocked into consciousness. We found that Chicago and Cleveland, Cincinnati and St. Louis, yes and even Louisville were invading Indiana and carrying away hundreds of thousands

(Continued on page 8, column 2).



You can rest assured that your property is insured in GOOD COMPANIES every time you hear the fire alarm, if WE place the insurance. The insurance policy is just as good as the company behind it, no more, no less—if the company is strong and properly managed, you'll enjoy prompt settlement of your losses—otherwise, in all probability, not. Our companies will stand investigation on any of these features.

FRED EVERBACK AGENCY CO.
Office over Lewis Drug Store

PARKER WINS OVER BRYAN
IN CHAIRMANSHIP RACEBRYAN WILL HAVE
SAY IN PLATFORM

Peerless Leader Will Have More To Do With Its Construction Than Any Other Man.

COMPROMISES WILL BE MADE

Long Fight Over Initiative Referendum and Recall of Judges is Not Expected.

Baltimore, June 25.—The Democratic platform builders will get down to work tonight. The only question on which there is much speculation is whether the initiative, referendum and recall will get into the party's declaration. Though the convention is supposed to be divided into "progressive" and "conservative" or reactionary wings, really there is little division of opinion as to what the party should stand for.

This is proof enough that the fight here really is not over principles, but is against the party falling into the hands of men who naturally or selfishly are conservative or reactionary, and who would be in close, sympathetic accord with the interests which here are personified in the Ryan-Belmont-Murphy combination, which works and seeks to gain control through such mercenaries and materialists as the Sullivan-Taggart-Murphy combination of bosses.

The progressives are demanding strong "popular government" planks, and in the main all hands are agreed on most of the planks that shall be used in the platform construction. The chief point of difference is on the recall of judges. Practically no one here has any earthly use for Theodore Roosevelt's recall of judicial decisions, and that will not be considered. There is, however, an element which favors the recall of judges.

The indications are that it will not get into the platform as a national proposal. The keynote of states' rights, for which the Democratic party has always been a champion, probably will be struck again by the recall of judges and also the initiative and referendum may receive a good word. But it will be placed on the basis of a state issue to be handed by the people in their own legislature.

It was understood today that Mr. Bryan, who, it is admitted, is going to have by far the largest pen dipping into the platform inkwell, favors such a declaration of these three proposals which have gained such prominence since the Denver convention. This would meet the demands of most of the people who are here shouting, "Let the people rule."

However, there will be a fight against the countenancing of such "heresies" on the part of several southern states which operate under the "grandfather" laws and which are

(Continued on page 8, column 1.)

IF YOU CAN
WEAR
a 3, 3½ or 4,

YOU CAN GET A BARGAIN IN LOW CUT SHOES.

WE HAVE AN ACCUMULATION OF THESE SIZES IN LADIES' LOW SHOES AND ARE GOING TO MAKE PRICES THAT WILL MOVE THEM. RICE & HUTCHIN'S SHOE MAKERS FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY.

Buy shoes at a shoe store.

ROSS-SHOES

The Gold Mine is Opposite

KERN WITHDRAWS
FROM THE FIGHT

Indiana Senator Will Not Make Race For Temporary Chairman of Democratic Convention.

BRYAN WAGES HARD BATTLE

Progressive and Conservatives Forces Measure Swords For a Bitter Contest.

Bulletin.
By United Press.
Parker was elected temporary chairman over Bryan by a vote of 578 to 510. Following Parker's election and speech Bryan gave notice that he will carry fight to platform committee. Progressive support is not solid with Bryan.

By United Press.
The first big surprise of the opening day of the Democratic national convention, which was called to order at Baltimore this afternoon, was sprung when Senator John Worth Kern of Indiana, after being nominated for the temporary chairmanship, by William Jennings Bryan, withdrew his name and at the same time nominated Mr. Bryan.

The convention will be marked by a fight between the progressive and conservative forces of the party, and the first skirmish occurred over the election of the temporary chairman. Mr. Bryan, the leader of the progressive forces, served notice on the conservatives a few days ago that Judge Alton B. Parker, the conservative's candidate for temporary chairman, would not be satisfactory, and the conservatives could either withdraw Parker's name, agree upon a compromise candidate, or make a fight at the convention hall.

It was announced about 10 o'clock this morning that the progressive forces of the convention had decided to support Senator Kern as a candidate for temporary chairman against Parker, the choice of the conservatives. It was further arranged that Mr. Kern's name should be placed in nomination by Mr. Bryan.

The convention was called to order at 12:17, and immediately after the report of the national committee was made. In this report Judge Parker was nominated as temporary chairman. As soon as the report was completed, Mr. Bryan made his way to the front of the convention hall amid cheers from the Wilson delegates and placed in nomination the name of Senator Kern.

It was noticeable that during the demonstration for Mr. Bryan, while he was making his way to the platform, the Indiana delegates remained silent. Mr. Bryan began his nominating speech for Mr. Kern at 12:50 o'clock.

When Mr. Bryan completed his

(Continued on page 5, column 4)

Little
Black and White
Cigars

Ten for 15 cents.

A NICE SHORT SMOKE for the SUMMER SEASON.

NATIONAL
CIGAR STANDS.

Andrews Drug Co.
The Rexall Store

Registered Pharmacists. Phone 633.

Val Blaty
& Sons
Famous Louisville
House Paint

One-Half Pint Can.....10c
One Pint Can.....15c
One Quart Can.....35c
One-Half Gallon Can.....70c
One Gallon Roof or Barn Paint.....\$1.00
One-Half Pint Varnish Stain.....10c

Brushes at a great bargain. See our Window Display of good Paints.

HOADLEY'S

DREAMLAND
No. 1 "Rivals" SELIG DRAMA
No. 2 "The Man Under the Bed" (Vitagraph Comedy)
No. 3 "HER BETTER NATURE" and "Jumping Champion MacMoreland" (Eclipse Drama...Atheletic)
BEST PICTURES. HOMELIKE, COOL AND COMFORTABLE.MAJESTIC
LANDER & KISCADEN

In a comedy playlet

THE SMILE GIRL AND THE ACTOR
A "The Gaumont Weekly" (Gaumont)
B "Lottery Ticket No. 13" (Nestor)
C "When Wedding Bells Ring Out" Rex

Hold your coupon for the \$5.00 in Gold to be given away Friday night.

Price over Floor 10c. Balcony 5c. Matinee every Saturday afternoon.

DEMOCRATS FACING BIG ROW TODAY

Bryan Precipitates Bitter Contest.

HE OPPOSES PARKER

Committee's Choice for Temporary Chairman Resisted.

TO FIGHT IT OUT ON FLOOR

Marshall Boomers Active In Pushing Hoosier Candidate.

Baltimore, June 25.—Charges that money is being spent lavishly to buy delegates to vote for Parker and organize the convention for Murphy and Ryan created wild excitement in the lobby of the Belvidere today. Ex-Governor Folk of Missouri said openly that a delegate would be produced on the floor of the convention who had received a bribe to vote for Parker. He predicted that Bryan would sweep the convention and that his victory would mean that the delegates would stampede to him as the presidential nominee.

Baltimore, June 25.—Norman E. Mack, chairman of the national committee, called the Democratic national convention to order shortly after noon today. Following the formal call for



ALTON B. PARKER.

the convention, read by Urey Woodson, secretary of the national committee, the chairman introduced Cardinal Gibbons, who, in impressive accents, invoked divine guidance in the deliberations of the convention.

At this point the expectation of the delegates and the great audience which filled the convention hall almost to the point of suffocation was aroused to the highest pitch, for it had become well known over night that the announcement by the chairman, the next step in the formality of opening the convention, that Judge Alton B. Parker had been selected by the national committee as temporary chairman of the convention would be the signal for a determined fight opened by the Bryan forces against the seating of the committee's choice, and on every side there was the tensest interest in the outcome of what must be the decisive struggle of the convention, the initial line-up and test of strength between the progressive and the reactionary forces in the party.

Hoosiers There in Force.

The hotels are running over with Hoosiers. The politicians are taking notice of Indiana and they have found out that Indiana has a candidate for the presidency. Not only have they found out that Indiana has a real candidate in Governor Marshall, but they have learned that Senator John W. Kern, without any effort on his part has a strong following should it be come necessary to have a compromise candidate.

Here is the field of avowed candidates: Speaker Champ Clark of Missouri, Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, Judson Harmon of Ohio, Oscar W. Underwood of Alabama, Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana. In addition to the men mentioned above there is John Burke of North Dakota, for whom the Democrats of that state cast a preference primary vote; Simon E. Baldwin of Connecticut, for whom the Democrats of Connecticut are instructed to vote, and Mayor Gaynor of New York, for whom there has developed quite a boom in the Empire state. The paper strength of the several candidates today is as follows: Clark, 413; Wilson, 274; Harmon, 57; Underwood, 91; Marshall, 30; Burke, 10; Baldwin, 14; uninstructed, 205.

Marshall Forces Organize.

The preliminary steps toward a vigorous fight for the nomination of Thomas R. Marshall for the presidency were taken at the Indiana headquarters when Thomas Taggart called a meeting of all the Indiana people. Mr. Taggart spoke briefly on the work

THOMAS R. MARSHALL

Indiana Democracy's Candidate For Nomination at Baltimore.



the friends of Mr. Marshall will have to do and urged that an organization be made at once. On motion of Lew G. Ellingham, secretary of state, Judge Andrew A. Adams was appointed permanent chairman of the Indiana delegation to have charge of the work in behalf of the governor, and James Fry, state oil inspector, was appointed secretary.

Major G. V. Menzies of Mt. Vernon explained what he thought should be the general plan, and at his suggestion a steering committee of seven was appointed by Judge Adams. This committee is composed of John E. Lamb of Terre Haute, chairman; Thomas Taggart of Indianapolis, Major G. V. Menzies of Mt. Vernon; Joseph M. Cravens of Madison; Judge John W. Spencer of Evansville, and J. S. McFadden of Rockville. The steering committee at once went into session and went over the list of delegates from the different states, and assigned men from Indiana to visit every delegation and present the cause of Governor Marshall.

PRECIPITATED FIGHT

Boasted Harmony Knocked Into Cocked Hat on First Move.

Baltimore, June 25.—William Jennings Bryan's first attempt to dominate the Democratic national convention was repulsed by the national committee last night. Mr. Bryan was voted down, 31 to 22, in his effort to prevent the selection of Alton B. Parker as temporary chairman of the convention. The anti-Parker forces cast twenty votes for Ollie James of Kentucky and two for Senator O'Gorman of New York. This threw the fight on to the floor of the convention and the great hall this afternoon is seething with excitement over the contest that the commoner has precipitated upon what promised to be a notably harmonious gathering. The lines have been formed sharply between the radicals and conservatives in the party, and there is certain to be strife and bitter feeling which will knock into a cocked hat all the plans that had been carefully laid for pointing to the country the spectacle of a sane and united Democracy.

The anti-Bryan forces, led by Chas. F. Murphy, have made a careful canvass of the delegates and they declare that they will elect Judge Parker by at least a majority of 150. The Bryan men are making no confident boasts but the probability is that the commoner himself will stand before the convention in opposition to Judge Parker. The Bryan forces are confident they will command the situation.

All the Nebraskan's supporters are working like young beavers counting noses and lining up the doubtful delegates. The Bryan men were absolutely confident of being able to defeat Parker on the floor of the convention. They are not as exact in their figures as the Parker men, but they assert that they will control the convention by a safe vote. The hopes of the conservatives to control the convention against Bryan lie chiefly now in the attitude of Speaker Champ Clark. Mr. Clark undoubtedly has it in his power to save the day for Bryan. He may also—but of this there is a good deal of doubt—have the power to throw enough votes to Parker to see him through safely. However the situation is viewed, though, Speaker Clark finds himself between two fires. If he throws his support to Bryan he will, in the opinion of Democratic leaders, be committing political suicide. On the other hand, if Mr. Clark lines up firmly for Parker he will be face to face with a threatened revolt in his own ranks, as many of Bryan's friends are among the Clark delegates.

Former Governor Joseph W. Folk has espoused Mr. Bryan's cause, and ten of the Missouri delegates are backing Folk in his stand against Parker. The Kansas delegation also would refuse to follow Clark in attempting to name Parker as temporary chairman and there are many other states in which the speaker's delegation would be split on this question. At best it is estimated that Clark would not be able to deliver more than half his strength to Parker, and the attempt would undoubtedly lead to a revolt against the speaker as a candidate for the nomination.

The eleventh biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's clubs is in session at San Francisco.

NO COMPROMISE POSSIBLE NOW

Mr. Bryan Throws Down Gauntlet to Opponents.

SLAMS PREDATORY INTERESTS

These, Says the Commoner, Have So Completely Dominated Majority of National Committee That the Latter Either Have No Conception of Democracy or Are So Controlled as Not to Be Able to Follow Convictions.

Baltimore, June 25.—William J. Bryan called the representatives of the newspapers to his room twenty minutes after the national committee voted him down last night, and dictated a statement attacking Judge Parker personally and charging that the representatives of predatory interests are seeking to repeat here what he says they did at Chicago. The belief is here based on his statement that, like Roosevelt, he will bolt if he cannot dominate. The statement referring to the present fight says:

"I had expected it, when Mr. Guffy was seated against the protests of the Democrats of Pennsylvania, I learned what I had before suspected, that a majority of that committee either has no conception of Democracy or is so glaringly under the control of the predatory interests as not to be able to follow their convictions." "The reasons they give," he continues, "are like all reasons given in defense of wrong. They are insincere and they are not the reasons that influence them. The fight will be resumed tomorrow, at which time a progressive will be presented to the convention to vote upon the lines will be drawn so that the delegates can decide whether they will ally themselves with the Belmont-Ryan-Murphy crowd that overwhelmed the party with defeat eight years ago and which is in close continuous co-partnership with the crowd that nominated Mr. Taft at Chicago. The predatory interests have no politics. They are with the party that serves them."

"Having enabled a minority of the Republicans to override the will of a majority of the Democrats at Chicago, they are now here to enable a minority of the Democrats to override the majority in this convention. There is not a great exploiting interest that is not represented in the lobbies of the hotels. There is not a corrupting influence in American politics that is not being used. And the delegates to this convention underestimate the intelligence of those who sent them here if they think they can go back and deceive them into believing that they supported Mr. Parker from any worthy motive. The talk of harmony is too absurd to deserve consideration."

"I shall discuss Mr. Parker's fitness for the position tomorrow. It is enough tonight to say that if he does not know whose agent he is he lacks the intelligence necessary for a presiding officer, and if he does know he does not deserve the support of any man who has the right to call himself a Democrat."

"I expect to present the name of some progressive to support his claims before the convention. If I fail to find a man who will lead the fight my name will be presented as a candidate for temporary chairman. I have no way of knowing how the convention stands, but the Democrats of the nation have done enough for me to justify me suffering defeat if necessary in their defense. One Republican party is enough in this country. For whatever we may call ourselves, if we cannot distinguish ourselves from them by action, the people will not pay much attention to our words."

Mr. Bryan, after he had finished his statement, inquired again what the vote of the committee was and turned away into his bedroom. From the street and the hotel lobby came the roar of Bryan cheers. The news of the Nebraskan's turn-down served only to intensify his followers' ardor. Comments varied widely on Mr. Bryan's attack on Judge Parker and the majority of the national committee. Senator O'Gorman and Morgan J. O'Brien said it was regrettable that such a situation had arisen, but that the convention would act for the best interests of the party.

Went Asleep on Track.

Brazil, Ind., June 25.—James D. Martin, aged nineteen, was instantly killed by an interurban car. While awaiting a car he sat down on the track and went to sleep.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York....	77	Cloudy
Boston.....	82	Clear
Denver.....	54	Cloudy
San Francisco.	54	Pt. Cloudy
St. Paul.....	60	Clear
Chicago.....	76	Clear
Indianapolis..	78	Clear
St. Louis....	78	Clear
New Orleans..	76	Pt. Cloudy
Washington...	76	Cloudy

Fair, rising temperature.

ACTIVE FIGURES

Chairman Mack and Secretary Woodson of National Committee.



Photos © 1912, by American Press Association.

A BRYAN STAMPEDE

The Commoner Said to Be Preparing to Take Convention by Storm.

Baltimore, June 25.—If anything were needed (and it is not) to convince the delegates that Colonel Bryan is willing to try it again, it was the story that leaked out from Bryan's private room announcing that he is putting the finishing touches on a speech that he considers much better than the "cross of gold, crown of thorns" oration which stamped the convention of 1896 for him. Mr. Bryan has let his close friends know that he has been working on his speech for two months. Nobody doubts that he will spring it. And one of the big guesses of the convention is what will happen afterward.

While the Bryan movement is getting steam up the Bryan rooters are yelling noisily for Bryan and scattering buttons and cards broadcast. In the close packed lobbies of the hotels bunches of westerners squeeze together so tightly that there is no room for gestures and make Bryan speeches. Bryan songs are resounding through the hotel corridors. Squads of iron-lunged glee men are chanting the Nebraskan's praises. The newest warble in Bryan's interest is called: "I'd Kind of Like to Vote for Bryan." The refrain runs:

"I'd kind of like to vote for Bryan,
Now honest, wouldn't you?
I'd kind of like to vote for Bryan,
For this time he'll pull through."

A Marital Suicide Pact.

Laporte, Ind., June 25.—Clyde Haun, aged twenty-three, and his wife of the same age, carried out a suicide agreement by swallowing carbolic acid. Their cries aroused the neighborhood and Haun kissed his wife farewell. He lived twenty minutes, while she lingered an hour. The theory of a suicide agreement is given credence from statements made by Haun that there was trouble and that when one died the other would quickly follow.

THE NATIONAL GAME

Contests in the Three Big Leagues Noted Here at a Glance.

National League.		R.H.E.
At Boston...	0 0 2 0 0 1 0 1 0	4 6 2
Boston.....	0 0 0 1 0 6 2 0 *	9 12 6
Yingling and Miller; Hess and Rariden.		
At St. Louis—		R.H.E.
Pittsburg...	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 8 0
St. Louis...	0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 *	4 8 2
Robinson and Gibson; Geyer and Bliss.		
At New York—		R.H.E.
Phil'd'phia	3 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	5 5 3
New York...	1 0 1 2 4 0 2 1 *	11 16 2
Chalmers, Brennan, Moore and Doolin; Tesreau and Wilson.		
At Cincinnati—		R.H.E.
Chicago....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 6 1
Cincinnati..	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	1 5 1
Reulbach, Lavender and Archer; Fromme and McLean.		

American League.		R.H.E.
At Washington—		R.H.E.
Boston.....	0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0	3 9 1
Washington.	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1 4 0
Bedient and Carrigan; Pelty, Musser, Eagle and Almsmith.		
At Philadelphia—		R.H.E.
New York...	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 5 2
Philadelphia	0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 *	3 8 2
Ford and Sweeney; Bender and Thomas.		

American Association.	
At Kansas City, 4; Minneapolis, 3.	
At Indianapolis, 3; Columbus, 7.	
At Milwaukee, 7; St. Paul, 13.	
At Toledo, 6; Louisville, 7.	

STIFF PROBLEM IS FACING THEM

Legal Difficulties Confront New Party Makers.

THE QUESTION OF ELECTORS

Political Lawyers Are at Sea on the Question of Whether Electors Named as Republicans Are Compelled to Vote For Republican Nominee—Despite All This the Colonel Is Going Right Ahead With His Plans.

Chicago, June 25.—Just before he left for New York the attitude of Colonel Roosevelt in respect to the Baltimore convention was defined by him. "My position will not be influenced by any action of the Baltimore convention," said the colonel. "I will not depart from what I said Saturday night. I will accept the progressive nomination on a progressive platform, and I shall fight the battle through to the end."

Colonel Roosevelt changed his mind about the names of the men selected to undertake the organization of his new party, and decided to make them public along with his statement. The committee as now constituted consists of Governor Hiram Johnson of California, Gifford Pinchot, James R. Garfield of Ohio, Senator Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota, Senator Dixon of Montana, Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, Governor Aldrich of Nebraska, Governor Vesey of South Dakota, E. A. VanValkenberg of the Philadelphia North American, Colonel W. R. Nelson of the Kansas City Star, Richmond Pearson of North Carolina, Comptroller William A. Prendergast of New York, William Allen White of Kansas, Judge Ben Lindsay of Colorado, the only Democrat so far, Matthew Hale of Massachusetts, George L. Record of New Jersey, Charles H. Thompson of Vermont, and E. C. Carrington of Maryland.

This is to be called the committee on organization. It is not complete. It is known that Colonel Roosevelt will get into communication at once with prominent Democratic progressives and that such of them that care to join his banner will be added to the list of the organization committee. The Democratic progressive wing is not expected to declare itself until after the Baltimore convention.

Colonel Roosevelt said that he was going directly to Oyster Bay to think over the plans for his new party and take a much needed rest. While Colonel Roosevelt is speeding east Governor Johnson will be traveling westward to recruit the new party, of whose western wing he is to have charge. The platform of the new party, say the Roosevelt men, will be the Columbus speech, with the possible exception of the recall of judges and judicial decisions, which they say was included in that speech only tentatively.

It is admitted on both sides that the problem of building up a new party over night bristles with difficulties, in which legal complications play a great part. The problem of presidential electors is essentially a legal one, and both the Roosevelt and Taft leaders have given this problem of the electors a great deal of thought since the Orchestra hall meeting. The Taft leaders, including Senators Root, Penrose and Crane, have gone over it at some length. One of those who were present at this talk said that none of the lawyers seemed to be of the same opinion upon any one point, even Senator Root admitting that the matter was a knotty one.

Trespassers Shoot Farmer.

Mt. Vernon, Ind., June 25.—Columbus Overton, a prominent farmer of this county, was awakened by two men in his yard and on trying to quiet them was shot in the back. He is in a critical condition. One of the men, Tom Varner, got away and the other, William Evans, was arrested.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Fire swept through the main part of the town of Chicoutimi, Quebec, destroying property worth more than half a million dollars.

William Allen White of Kansas has resigned his place in the Republican national committee and joined the Roosevelt committee.

A mob stormed the jail at Cordele, Ga., and lynched a negro woman who had slain a Mrs. Jordan, by whom she was employed as a cook.

Field Marshal Sir George Stuart White, one of the most distinguished soldiers in the British army, is dead in his seventy-seventh year.

Alfred L. Seligman, brother of Isaac N. Seligman, the big New York banker, was instantly killed when his touring car collided with another car in the streets of New York.

The hearing into the present sanity of Harry K. Thaw brought out a statement from Evelyn Nesbit Thaw that her husband had made threats against her and that she feared if he should be released he would kill her.

Lincoln Beachy, the aviator, has been sued for a divorce. Mrs. Beachy alleges that her husband has been guilty of misconduct with a woman unknown to her, who has posed as his wife in a dozen cities of the United States.

JUDGE ADAMS

Head of Steering Committee in Charge of Marshall Boom.



MAY OPPOSE IT

Talk That Senate Will Not Confirm Witherspoon Appointment.

Washington, June 25.—President Taft's long delayed appointments to fill vacancies in the army were announced as follows:

Brigadier General W. W. Witherspoon to be major general, succeeding to the late General Grant; Brigadier General Clarence R. Edwards, who holds that rank by virtue of his position as chief of the bureau of insular affairs, to be brigadier general in the line army; Colonel George F. Chase to be brigadier general; Colonel E. J. McClelland to be brigadier general.

The appointment of General Witherspoon is something of a surprise, though he had been included in the estimates of many who have been making up promotion slates in the last few weeks. General Witherspoon is fifth on the list of brigadiers with Funston, Bliss, Mills and Pershing ahead of him. It has been well understood that General Edwards was to be placed in the line. There is talk of opposition in the senate when confirmation of his promotion is asked.

THIRTY-TWO DEAD

Final Figures of Disaster to Niagara Excursion Party.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 25.—The number of victims of the collapse of the old wooden dock at Eagle Park, Grand Island, on Sunday night now is placed at thirty-two. Seventeen bodies have been recovered and identified and organized rescue parties are now working in the Niagara current to find the other victims.

The victims are members of Amherst court, American Order of Foresters, and their wives, children and other relatives. The collapse of the dock brought to a tragic close the annual river party of the order.

Triangular Shooting Affray.

Mayfield, Ky., June 25.—After Rufus Billington had mortally wounded Alvin Wheeler, a tobacco planter of Veal'sburg, a few miles from here, Wheeler's son shot Billington. Wheeler died a few minutes later after he had been shot. Billington, despite his wounds, was placed in jail. Wheeler and Billington had been at odds since Wheeler attempted to check the liquor traffic in this part of the state.

Will Carry It Higher.

Washington, June 25.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, was sentenced to one year in jail for contempt of court by Justice Wright of the District of Columbia supreme court. Frank A. Morrison, secretary of the federation, was sentenced to six months in jail for the same offense. Both gave notice of appeal and gave \$5,000 bond.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.08; No. 2 red, \$1.06. Corn—No. 3, 77½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 53½c. Hay—Baled, \$14.00 @ 18.00; timothy, \$22.00 @ 24.00; mixed, \$18.00 @ 20.00. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 8.75. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 7.80. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 3.85. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 6.75. Receipts—2,500 hogs; 500 cattle; 300 sheep.

At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.12. Corn—No. 2, 77c. Oats—No. 2, 53½c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.50. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 7.85. Sheep—\$1.50 @ 4.35. Lambs—\$3.00 @ 9.00.

At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.09½. Corn—No. 3, 74½c. Oats—No. 2, 54½c. Cattle—Steers, \$4.00 @ 9.50; stockers and feeders, \$4.20 @ 6.75. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 7.80. Sheep—\$4.50 @ 6.40. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 9.40.

At St. Louis.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.08½. Corn—No. 2, 75c. Oats—No. 2, 50c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 9.35. Hogs—\$5.25 @ 7.80. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 5.25. Lambs—\$5.15 @ 8.25.

At East Buffalo.

Cattle—\$3.50 @ 9.50. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 1.00. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 5.50. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 9.50.

Wheat at Toledo.

Sept., \$1.13½; July, \$1.12½; cash, \$1.12½.

My Lady's Limousine

(Copyright, 1912, by Associated Literary Press)

The taxi in which Jimmy Rogers was being rushed uptown from the Pennsylvania station came to an abrupt stop. It was only Fifty-ninth street and when the chauffeur returned from a quick examination to tell Rogers that he could not take him no farther Jimmy swore softly under his breath.

"Great Scott, man! I have to be up at Seventy-eighth street in five minutes!"

"Sorry, boss, but this here machine won't run another block tonight."

Jimmy looked from the chauffeur's imperturbable face to his own large suitcase and the three-foot box of American Beauties that he was taking to his hostess. No! The thing was impossible! He simply must have a taxi.

In desperation Jimmy put his head out the window and hailed the first machine that passed. It was a great limousine and it came to a stop beside the taxi.

"I'll give you a fiver if you take me up to Seventy-eighth street," Jimmy promised the chauffeur.

"Jump in quick!" came the ready response.

Rogers lost no time. Within the luxurious car Jimmy stretched his long legs and sniffed the scented air.

"My lady's limousine," thought Rogers and glanced at the fur-lined carriage slippers on the floor.

Suddenly an idea struck Jimmy. Why not show a little appreciation for the timely use of her car? He would leave one great American Beauty in the vase by the mirror.

The rose was scarcely in its place before the machine came to a stop. Jimmy sprang out lightly and for the chauffeur's sake, quickly.

"Here you are, old man," he gave the man his money; "you've done me a good service."

"Mum's the word," grinned the chauffeur, and went swiftly off to call for his mistress at the opera.

If Amy Wade counted only eleven American Beauties in the box Jimmy gave her she did not mention the fact. "We thought you were lost," she told him later, when he entered the drawing room. "I hope nothing happened."

"Nothing but a broken-down taxi," laughed Jimmy.

"Well see that you don't lose your heart to any of the pretty Iowa girls tonight and break that."

Dick Wade added: "There'll be a bunch of them there."

"Wade did not exaggerate," decided Jimmy, when an hour later his eyes traveled from one beautiful face to another. Blondes, brunettes and even titian-crowned heads were there among that throng of the Iowa society.

Mrs. Wade was approaching him, and with her was a vision in yellow. At least Jimmy thought she was a vision until he found that he was holding a very warm tingling hand within his own.

"I have told you all about Jimmy Rogers, Faith, so be good to him—he is all alone in this big city." Amy Wade cast a laughing glance at her two friends and went in search of her husband.

"So I must be good to you," Faith Carter looked at Rogers from under her lashes and decided the task would not be difficult.

"Certainly," Jimmy Rogers' tone was such as to bring a slight flush into Faith's cheeks. "And since you have orders to be good to me I am going to trespass and ask you an impertinent question."

Faith's startled eyes met his.

"Why have you absolutely ruined a most beautiful costume and color effect by wearing that American Beauty rose? I watched you coming toward me and thought you—perfect, save for that one jarring note."

Faith Carter laughed a quick, nervous little laugh and glanced down at the one thick stemmed rose that she had thrust among the soft tea roses of her corsage bouquet.

Rogers realized that he was waiting with great expectancy for her answer. The rose seemed suddenly to have assumed enormous proportions in his eyes.

"This rose," said Faith when he had seated himself beside her on the wide divan, "found its way very mysteriously into my limousine while I was listening to Caruso in Rigoletto this afternoon. So you see," she laughed, mockingly, "there is hope that I have an unknown admirer."

"I doubt if he remains long unknown," Jimmy Rogers said.

"Oh! Here you two are!" Amy Wade and her husband came up to break the silence.

"I say, Jimmy," put in Dick Wade by way of making conversation, "the next time you buy roses for my wife see that you get full measure. There was one shy in the box and American Beauties count. That one Faith is toying with just reminded me."

Faith turned her eyes so suddenly and forcefully on Jimmy Rogers that he felt like a small and very guilty schoolboy. "You look guilty, Mr. Rogers; I believe the twelfth rose has gone astray."

"I will confess," Jimmy told her under his breath, "that I myself would stray a thousand times if, in the end, I might find so wondrous a nest."

Faith glanced at him from beneath her lashes.

"Perhaps one straying, in your case, would do," she remarked.

COSTUMES FOR ONE SHOW

Here are the actual figures of what was used in making the costumes for a recent Broadway theatrical production:

Thirty pounds of silver and gold thread for embroidery; 100 pieces of chiffon cloth and velvet orchids; 100,000 gold sequins; 50 masses of black jet beads, 10,000 to a mass; 2,000 yards of ermine fur and trimmings; 2,000 rosebuds of chiffon cloth; 500 yards of mink trimming; 100 yards of gray fox; 400 yards of other furs; 500 yards of beaver; 1 pound of algrettes; 24 military epaulets; 24 swords; 24 sword belts; 900 yards of feather bones; 500 yards of percaline; 100 yards of drilling; 2,880 books and eyes; 720 military buttons; 200 yards of ribbon; 10,000 jewels in assorted colors; 210 yards of charmeuse; 250 yards of crepe de meteor; 265 yards of brilliant crepe; 200 yards of satin brocade; 210 yards of chiffon velvet; 440 yards of duchesse satin; 100 yards of military cloth; 205 yards of chiffon cloth; 40 yards of Chantilly lace; 300 yards of fringe; 20 yards of Irish point lace; 100 yards of silver net; 1,500 yards of silver and gold cord; 70 yards of all-over lace; 100 yards of Marabout; 75 yards of silver and gold cloth; 25 yards of black all-over; 250,000 beads; 3,000,000 bugles; 250,000 rhinestones and 300 tassels. It took 450 persons fourteen days to make these costumes.

CHANCE FOR PHILATELISTS

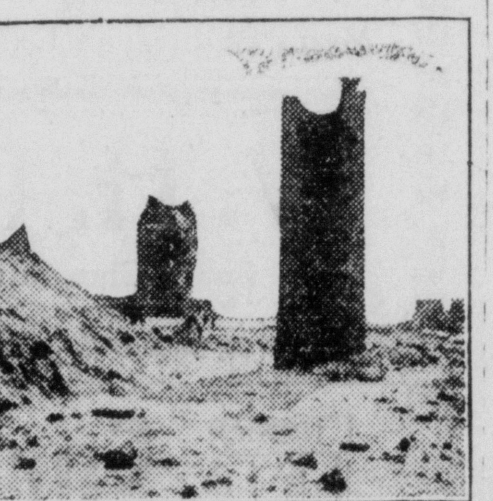
It is announced that the little principality of Lichtenstein, situated between Switzerland and Vorarlberg, in the Tyrol, is to issue its own stamps. In effect it will do away with, or at least modify the existing convention by which the principality's postal service was in the hands of the Austro-Hungarian authorities. The new stamps will bear the effigy of the reigning prince, Prince John of Lichtenstein.

Lichtenstein, with the exception of San Marino and Monaco, is the smallest independent state in Europe. It is twelve miles in length, and its area is 68.8 square miles. Its population is something like 10,000, and, it is said, contains more men than women. The capital is Vaduz, with a population of 1,100. There is a diet of twelve members, elected indirectly. The ruling prince has a court at Vienna, and the final court of appeal is at Innsbruck. There is no public debt. From the last returns the expenditure for the year showed about \$85 less than the receipts. There is a customs union with Austria, for which Austria pays \$5,000 a year. There is now no compulsory military service within the principality.

IS ATTACKED BY VAMPIRES

From the village of Moresnet on the Belgium-Prussian frontier comes a strange story of human vampires. A schoolmaster who was returning home one evening staggered some time later into the doctor's house with his throat bleeding and in an exhausted condition. He said that as he was walking along in a lonely place an automobile stopped near him and three men sprang out and flung a cloak over him and carried him into the car. He felt his throat cut and lips sucking his blood while the car dashed on into the night. He became unconscious and came to himself in a ditch just over the border. He crawled back to the nearest house, which proved to be the doctor's. The doctor said that the appearance of the wound tended to corroborate the story.

WELLS UNEARTHED BY SEA



What appear to be towers in the illustration are in reality brick wells which have been unearthed by the sea. They are at Plage St. Gabriel, near Boulogne, France, where a hotel and bathing station have been destroyed by the encroaching of the sea.

PIN IN THROAT SEVEN YEARS

Seven years ago, while a Cedina, Ohio, woman was dressing one of her children, she swallowed one of a set of baby beauty pins, set with a pearl. The pin was unhooked and lodged in her throat. Physicians were unable, however, to extract it. During a severe coughing spell the other night she coughed up the pin, and other than suffering a slight irritation of the throat she is none the worse.

MIDGET IN INDIANA TOWN

In Columbus, Ind., lives a little girl of ten years of age, who is only 29 inches tall. She weighs but twenty-eight pounds and at birth her weight was ten pounds. She has a waist measurement of twenty-three inches. Her mother's waist measurement is only twenty-one inches. The child has never been sick a day, has a good appetite, and plays like other children.

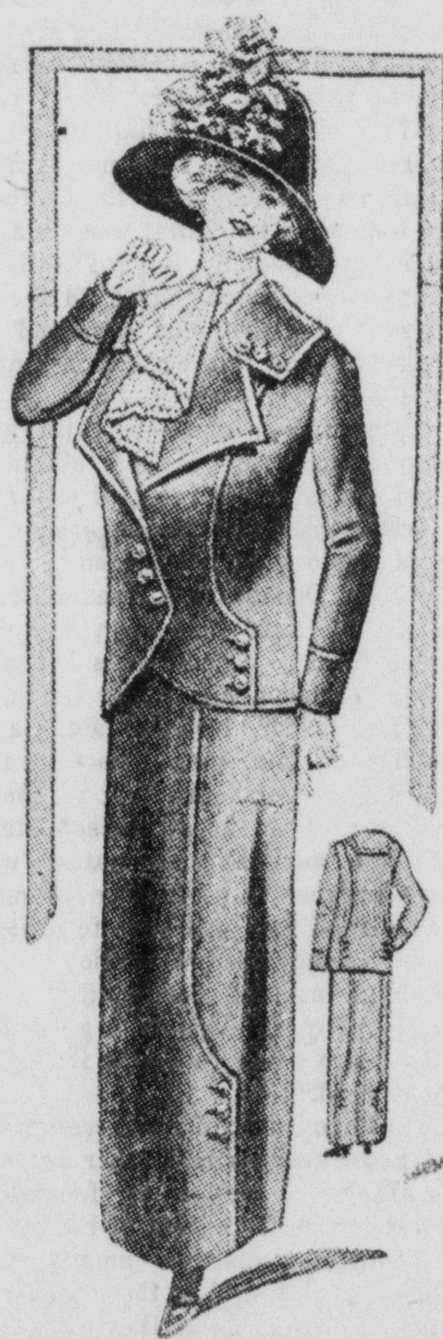
Latest in Parasols



Photo, Copyright, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.

An odd shaped parasol is the "peak parasol" of unique design. It is of a deep lace edging made of the same material as the little lace jacket worn by the model. The jacket is worn over a gown of changeable silk. It is for seashore wear and worn without a hat.

COMPLETE COSTUME.



Natty blue cashmere is used for this costume; the Magyar bodice and skirt are cut together, and fasten at back; the square neck is filled in with a yoke of piece lace. A fold of material is put down left side to represent a wrapped seam, buttons with braid are sewn inside this, a simple embroidery pattern trims front. The undersleeves are of piece lace; the waist is drawn in by gathers that are covered by a stitched band of material.

Materials required: 2 1/4 yards 46 inches wide, 5/8 yard lace 18 inches wide, 1 dozen buttons.

Glass Buttons.

Glass buttons are quite the fashion, and come in all colors and sizes; they are a distinctive mark of this season's suit wherever seen. Red and black ones are shown in two sizes; these have the appearance of bone; others resemble clouded amber beads, and are appropriate for the most dressy gown; others come in transparent crystal of all shades, dark and light blue, green and black; and in black there are those which look like shoe buttons. Mother-of-pearl buttons are also largely in demand, square and round; the large square ones with flat surfaces, are 25 cents each.

Serges Are Popular.

Serges are prime favorites for the tailored suits. Poiret uses these modish materials for a number of his best creations. Whipcords in two-tone colors in a great variety of qualities are also popular. Tans, grays and dull blues are the leading shades.

The interest in white, cream and fancy wools increases as the season advances.

PLAIN LINES MOST POPULAR

This Season's Linen Suits Are Made With None or Very Little Trimming.

While the coarser linens are used, those made of the finer twisted thread are liked quite as well. Very little trimming is needed. The lace collar and cuffs or the lingerie frill at neck and wrists suffice, though, of course, buttons and buttonholes, lace and embroidery may figure as trimmings. Oddity of cut is, however, the only thing necessary for those who wish something different. It is surely different enough to have the back of the coat and skirt cut across on the bias or otherwise manipulated. Yet, such manipulations offer no difficulties to the laundress. These suits may be made coat and skirt fashion or in the coat and dress effect. Both styles have their good points, many considering the former the most economical, since a fresh blouse may be donned and sleeves and necks do have a way of becoming soiled before it is necessary to send the entire dress to the laundry.

Many dresses are being made, too, in linen and kindred weaves. The severity of these all-in-one gowns is beginning to disappear. While the puffs seen on taffetas are not available there are pipings, inlayings and bands in contrasting fabrics.

Fancy linens and linens with open-work borders are effectively utilized, though one who is at all clever at designing will be able to achieve very fine suits with the plain sorts. It's the design, cut and finish that counts, also the accessories. One girl, for example, is to look smart in her white linens this summer; the only color she is to add is sapphire or coral, as the spirit may move her. Whether she chooses the blue or the odd pink shade she will wear it in the shape of silk stockings, ribbon watch fob and necktie, and no other color will appear except she chooses to carry a parasol in the color she is wearing.

Wired Feathers for Hats.

As the hats are all trimmed very high wired feathers arranged to sew on hats may be purchased, and flowers also in pompon effects. One of these feather tower effects costs \$4.50; others are near the one dollar margin; the price varies according to the quality and kind of feathers. Algrettes are still in evidence, though more in white than black. In buying white ostrich feathers of the less expensive grade it is well to run one's hand gently down the length of the quill, pressing back the feather to see that it has been properly dyed, as these are apt to show the blown of the natural feather in the outdoor light and the breeze.

For the Summer Resort.

The very thin negligees are so delightful that one sometimes forgets they may not be practical, for many summer resorts are cool at night and in the early hours of the day, and for these places it is better to take something of heavier weight, such as an albatross negligee. These may be had with a deep collar of dotted Swiss, made with Valenciennes insertion and edging and in pastel colors. The sleeves are finished with a deep cuff of dotted Swiss and lace.

STOPS SCALP ITCH.

Dandruff and Every Form of Scalp Disease Cured Quick by Zemo.

It is simply wonderful how Zemo goes after dandruff. You rub a little of it in with the tips of the fingers. It gets right down into the glands, stimulates them, stops the itch, and makes the head feel fine. No, it isn't sticky! Zemo is a fine, clear, vanishing liquid. You don't have to even wash your hands after using Zemo. And what a wonder it is for eczema, rash, pimples and all skin afflictions. A 25 cent trial bottle at A. J. Pellens or the Andrews Drug Co., is guaranteed to stop any skin irritation.

Zemo is prepared by E. W. Rose Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., and is regularly sold by druggists at \$1 a bottle. But to prove what it will do at trifling expense, Zemo is now put up in 25 cent trial bottles.

LIST OF ALLOWANCES.

Made by the Board of Commissioners at their June term, 1912.

Wm. B. Burford, clk bks & stat.	\$554.23
M. P. Stewart, trus. bur. ex. sold.	50.00
C. M. Beldon, bridge engineers.	17.50
C. M. Beldon, ditcher.	12.00
A. J. Brodhecker, printg & adv.	31.70
Seymour Republican, printg & adv.	26.00
J. Newt Gibson, printg & adv.	12.80
John H. Conley, C. H. Janitor.	49.00
Geo. Jarvis, C. H. grounds.	1.80
Wm. Tuell, C. H. grounds.	12.00
Geo. Nuss, roads & highways.	3.00
Geo. Rickers, roads & highways.	2.00
Jesse Collins, Sr., rds & highways.	2.00
John L. Bower, roads & highways.	4.00
D. H. Fountain, roads & highways.	4.00
George Weddle, roads & highways.	4.00

BRIDGE REPAIRS.

Floy Loudon	\$5.40
Geo. O. McMahon	9.35
Eph. Brown	21.67
E. B. Lutes, et al.	8.35
Henry Webber, et al.	4.35
Joel Lucas, et al.	4.20
John C. Steinkamp, et al.	51.78
Frank Hess, et al.	3.00
John A. Maschino, et al.	2.13
Chas. Vogel, et al.	17.18
Geo. Stahl, et al.	64.33
DeHeur & Swain Lum. Co.	20.40
Scott County	290.36
Henry Shoemaker, as. Driftwd Tp.	28.00
Matilda Shoemaker, as. Driftwd Tp.	28.00
Lorenzo D. Parker, as. Grassy Fk Tp.	187.50
Emmett Parker, as. Grassy Fk Tp.	40.00

FEES FOR ASSESSMENTS.

Henry Branaman, Brownstown Tp.	187.50
Geo. A. Robertson, Brownstown Tp.	150.00
Carrie Branaman, Brownstown Tp.	12.00
Wm. F. Brethauer, Washington Tp.	187.50
Wm. F. Brethauer, Jackson Tp.	20.00
Hazel Pomeroy, Jackson Tp.	22.00
Chas. Vogel, Jackson Tp.	72.00
Otto Sullivan, Jackson Tp.	128.00
Giles Manuel, Jackson Tp.	76.00
Geo. C. Heuser, Jackson Tp.	80.00
Frank Price, Jackson Tp.	80.00
Adam Maschino, Jackson Tp.	80.00
John Congdon, Jackson Tp.	50.00
Oliver Swanson, Redding Tp.	14.00
Horace Bunton, Redding Tp.	49.00
Daniel Bedel, Vernon Tp.	187.50
Florence Bedel, Vernon Tp.	40.00
John W. Borgstede, Hamilton Tp.	187.50
August J. Vornholt, Hamilton Tp.	180.00
Albert Prather, Carr Tp.	120.00
W. T. Owen, Carr Tp.	120.00
Ben F. Mitchell, Owen Tp.	187.50
James Branaman, Owen Tp.	50.00
Leslie A. Mitchell, Owen Tp.	50.00
Wm. T. McKain, Salt Creek Tp.	188.50
Frank McKain, Salt Creek Tp.	44.00
Dora McKain, Salt Creek Tp.	20.00

INSPECTORS OF REGISTRATION.

Francis Grein	19.80
Marion Weddle	19.80
Walter McGovern	19.80
F. W. Wesner	19.80
Isaac F. Gardner	19.80
Chas. Vogel	19.80
C. W. Barnhart	19.80
A. V. Lawell	19.80
A. A. Davidson	20.65
Albert B. Kasting	20.65
Henry Wahl	19.80
John Haman	19.80
Clarence Allen	19.80
John W. Beckman	19.80
Thomas Bridgewater	19.80
D. O. Broshers	17.80
John Nelson	19.80
L. M. Gruber	19.80
Claude M. Murray	19.80
August J. Vornholt	17.80
H. H. Darlage	17.80
Wm. F. Brethauer	19.50
Sherman Snead	17.80
Geo. H. Geyer	17.80
Ed. Dixon	20.30
John D. Stahl	20.30
J. E. Tanner	18.05
Jos. L. Stilwell	18.05
L. A. Henderson	19.80
Geo. M. Penley	19.80
Chas. Winkler	19.80
H. S. Hill	17.80
Chas. C. Finch	17.80

GRAND INQUEST JAS. BURDAS.

Willard Stout, clerk's fees.	5.00
Jerry McOsker, sheriff's fees.	19.60
John R. Robinson, J. P. fees.	6.00
Amly Duncan, constable's fees.	3.50
F. A. Zaring, med. attend.	3.00
Nelson Harrop, med. exam.	6.00
Chas. R. Applegate, med. exam.	6.00
Chas. Newkirk, witness' fees.	1.10
Henry Fogdaling, witness' fees.	1.30
Chas. Reynolds, witness' fees.	1.30
Gold Mine Cash Store, clothing.	30.00

CORONER'S INQUESTS.

B. F. Dowden, coroner, per diem.	29.00
Arthur Jerrill, clerk's fees.	4.00
Rose B. Dowden, clerk's fees.	2.00
J. T. Abell, constable's fees.	3.25
E. C. Blumer, witness' fees.	.85
Frank Franklin, witness' fees.	.85
Frank J. Voss, witness' fees.	.85
Alexander Ferguson, witness' fees.	.85
Geo. B. Lucas, witness' fees.	.85
Artie Ferguson, witness' fees.	.85
Ernest Lev, witness' fees.	.85
Nolan Stewart, witness' fees.	.85
Jas. A. Lahne, witness' fees.	.85
Henry H. Springer, witness' fees.	.85
Bruce Stewart, witness' fees.	.85
Btwn Wtr & Light Co, wtr & lights.	26.18
Home Tel. Co., phone rent.	3.00

H. W. WACKER, Auditor.

LIST OF ALLOWANCES.

Henry Sommers, supt.	\$38.66
Cliff W. Gosman, supt.	45.99
Frank Shelton, supt.	45.99
August Eggersman, supt.	35.25
Chas. Rust, supt.	115.62
W. P. Sterling, supt.	28.75
John H. Browning, supt.	14.44
Fred Hollie, supt.	61.74
Joel Lucas, supt.	37.67
John C. Steinkamp, supt.	33.58
Henry Webber, supt.	14.00
Holmes Robertson, supt.	20.48
John Kropp, supt.	28.81
Frank Hess, supt.	20.85
Norman Starr, supt.	16.75
Wm. O. Henderson, supt.	35.90
Geo. H. Hehman, supt.	32.99
A. S. DeLong, supt.	14.95
T. M. Callahan, supt.	21.05
Eph. Brown, supt.	14.44
Wm. N. Hanner, supt.	61.82
J. B. Wesner, supt.	52.99
Chas. Rosemeyer, supt.	23.68
John A. Maschino, supt.	5.64
Ed. Dixon, supt.	28.42
Chas. Vogel, supt.	141.95
Edward Mellencamp, supt.	21.93
John E. Kovener, supt.	207.87
Kiger & Co.	75.40
W. P. Setser	19.00
Geo. Bebout	125.00
Wm. Meyer	8.00
W. F. Turmal	45.20
W. R. Bolles	31.95

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INSURANCE
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Harry Marberry,
General Concrete Contractor.
Sidewalks, Curb and Gutter a Specialty.
218 S. Broadway. Phone 182. Seymour

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Fire, Lightning, Tornado and Automobile
Insurance
Phone 244
G. L. HANCOCK, Agt.
SEYMOUR, IND.

H. LETT, M. D. C.
Veterinary Surgeon
111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR.
Phones—New 643 and 644, Old 97 and 80.

Dr. A. G. Osterman
Office: Johnson Building
First stairway south of Trust Co.

BAGGAGE TRANSFER.
Call 'Phone 468 for transfer
of baggage or light hauling in
all parts of the city. Residence
phone 612-R. SAM S. WIBLE.

FIRE INSURANCE
A few dollars invested today
may save you thousands tomorrow
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11 Postal
Building

SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK
Piano Teacher,
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

Frank Klosterman
Contracting House Painter
Estimates upon application. A postal
will bring us to your door.
709 S. Poplar St. Seymour Ind

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher
Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-
office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY
One Year \$5.00
Six Months 2.50
Three Months 1.25
One Month .45
One Week .10

WEEKLY
One Year in Advance \$1.00

TUESDAY, JUNE 25, 1912.

HADLEY'S STATEMENT.

Governor Hadley of Missouri, the
floor leader of the Roosevelt forces
at the republican national convention,
refuses to join the third party move-
ment, and in a statement gives some
excellent reasons.

He said: "I believe I can render
more useful public service to the peo-
ple as a member of the Republican
party than by joining in the formation
of a third party." "While I have in
no way changed my mind as to the
correctness of that for which I have
contended, I undertake to say that no
political party ever did or ever will
exist in which, at times, men will not
use authority unfairly and to ac-
complish selfish and improper ends.

"In my opinion, the best way suc-
cessfully to fight such men and meth-
ods and also the best way in which to
fight for correct principles of govern-
ment is within the party, rather than
by leaving it.

"There were some planks which
were omitted from the platform which
I should like to have seen adopted,
but there will be found, I believe, in
the platform nothing that is ob-
jectionable to any Republican, and,
on the whole, it is the most progres-
sive platform we have ever presented
to the American people."

"The platform declares in favor of
simplified court procedure, and a sim-
ple and direct process for removing
judges who are derelict in their duty.

"It declares in favor of laws regu-
lating the hours of labor of women
and children; of laws promoting pub-
lic health; of workingmen's compen-
sation laws; of laws prohibiting, di-
rectly or indirectly, contributions by
corporations to campaign funds and
requiring the fullest publicity as to
such contributions and other cam-
paign expenses, both for primaries
and elections. It declares in favor of
the establishment of a national trade
commission, such as has been advo-
cated by Colonel Roosevelt for the
regulation of large business enter-
prises engaged in interstate com-
merce.

"The only regret that I have over
the result is that we did not accom-
plish what we were fighting for."

A Great Superintendent of Rural Schools.

According to an article in the July
American Magazine, Eli M. Rapp,
superintendent of rural schools in
Berks County, Pennsylvania, has
made his county schools a model for
the country. His essential idea is
that farm children should be educated
for the farm. After reporting the
various improvements which Mr.
Rapp has instituted the author of the
article goes on to say:

"There are many other ways in
which Superintendent Rapp has en-
deavored to improve the rural schools
of the county, but none has aroused
as much interest as the Boys' Agri-
cultural Club and the Girls' Domestic
Science Club. All over Berks Coun-
ty boys and girls are to be found
wearing the emblems of these two
organizations, one reading 'Boys'
Agricultural Club of Berks County',
with the words 'Better Farming in the
center, and the other 'Girls' Domestic
Science Club of Berks County', sur-
rounding the motto 'Better House-
keeping.' Each year these clubs
have an exhibition at Reading which
is a miniature county fair. The boys
show vegetables, field crops and pou-
ltry in prize contests, while the girls
display dainty products of the needle
as well as bread, pies and other ar-
ticles.

"One effect of these contests has
been to stimulate the interest of the
parents in better farming methods
and to increase their respect for the
rural school and for agricultural
training in general. In some instan-
ces the boys have been able to grow
better crops than their fathers ever
have produced. Moreover, the farm-
ers and their boys have been brought
into closer relationship and have come
to understand each other better."

Each age of our lives has its joys.
Old people should be happy, and they
will be if Chamberlain's Tablets are
taken to strengthen the digestion and
keep the bowels regular. These tab-
lets are mild and gentle in their ac-
tion and especially suitable for peo-
ple of middle age or older. For sale
by all dealers.

Steam Vulcanizing.

I am prepared to do all kinds of
Casing and Tube repairing. All Auto
owners call and be convinced. R. W.
Irwin, Phone 772. 518 West Second
Street, Seymour. m27-d&w-1f

FILES COMPLAINT TO RECOVER MONEY

Action Brought Against B. & O. S-W.
to Test Validity of Law Govern-
ing Relief Department.

SUIT TO RECOVER DUES PAID

Complaint Alleges That Department
Is Owned by Company And Is Not
Legal in Indiana.

Through his attorney F. W. Wes-
ner, John Schroer, formerly an em-
ployee of the B. & O. S-W., today filed
suit against that company to recover
\$62 paid into the relief department,
while in the service of the company.
The complaint alleges that the relief
department is conducted in the state
of Indiana in violation of the state
law, and is based upon Section 1 of
an act passed by the legislature in
1907.

After alleging that the B. & O. S-W.
is a railroad corporation operating
in this state and employing a large
number of men, it is averred that it
conducts a relief department to which
all employees belong. A copy of the
contract is filed with the complaint.

The complaint further alleges "that
the rules and by-laws of the said
unlawful Relief Department, estab-
lished, owned and maintained by this
defendant, require and compel all
persons employed by defendant to en-
ter into an illegal contract, where-
by all employees of this defendant
agree and stipulate to surrender and
waive any right of damage they may
have against defendant for death or
personal injury.

"Plaintiff says that said Relief De-
partment is owned and controlled ex-
clusively by the defendant, and oper-
ated exclusively for its own benefit
unlawfully and without right under
the laws of the State of Indiana.

"That defendant unlawfully re-
quires and compels all of its employes
to subscribe to and sign contracts in
said Relief Department as a condition
precedent to employment with said
defendant company, and are dis-
charged within three days after tak-
ing employment if they fail, refuse
or neglect to sign said illegal con-
tract. That all employees of this de-
fendant are required and compelled
to make monthly payments of stated
sums of money out of their monthly
wages, and said sums are each month
illegally held out of the wages of the
employees by this defendant of the
city of Baltimore, Maryland, and em-
ployes are not allowed or permitted
to exercise any control over this por-
tion of their monthly wages nor to
make voluntary payments of the same
into said illegal Relief Depart-
ment.

"That defendant has unlawfully
held out of the wages of this plaintiff
by reason of the premises herein set
out above the sum of \$62; that there
has been a long and unreasonable
delay in the payment of said \$62.00,
and plaintiff demands interest at the
rate of 6 per cent. thereon from the
first day of May, 1909, that a copy of
said unlawful contract is herein set
out, marked "Exhibit A," and made a
part of this complaint.

"Wherefore, plaintiff demands judg-
ment for \$62.00 the cost of this action
and all other proper relief."

Township S. S. Convention.

The Jackson township Sunday
School Convention will be held at the
German M. E. church Sunday after-
noon, June 30, at 2:30 o'clock. All
Sunday School workers and all who
are interested in Sunday Schools are
invited to attend. The following pro-
gram has been arranged: Devotional,
led by Chas. Hemmer. Address—Rev. M. E. Prather.
Discussion by Convention. Sunday
School Quiz led by Jay C. Smith.
The program will be interspersed
with singing.

INVENTORY COMPLETED

Stock of Branaman & Dodds Will Be
Sold by Trustee on July 2.

Harry F. Pavey, who was appoint-
ed trustee of bankruptcy in the case
of Branaman & Dodds at Medora, has
completed the inventory of the stock
of goods, and has given notice that
the same will be sold at public sale on
July 2. Yesterday the name of
Thornton Dodds was mentioned in re-
gard to the proceedings, but he is in
no way connected with it. Mr. Dodds
is a contractor and resides in this
city, and has no interest in the in-
solvent business at Medora.

The stock consists of general mer-
chandise, hardware, shoes and farm
machinery.

NEW CAMPAIGN

Advocates Medical Inspection of All
Persons Who Handle Food.

H. E. Barnard, state food and drug
commissioner, yesterday announced
a new pure food campaign for his
department when he declared that in
the future proprietors of factories or
other establishments where food is
prepared or sold will be prosecuted
vigorously if they persist in employ-
ing men and women suffering from
infectious or contagious diseases.

Evidence of a startling nature is in
Mr. Barnard's possession, showing
that public health is being endangered
by negligence on the part of hotel
and restaurant keepers, bakers, gro-
cers and other merchants engaged in
manufacturing or selling foodstuffs.
He said that he expects health au-
thorities throughout the state to co-
operate with him in his campaign.

An address which Mr. Barnard has
prepared to read before the National
Association of Food Commissioners
at Seattle, Wash., July 9, contains
the keynote of the campaign which
the Indiana food expert says should
apply not only to Indiana, but to
every state in the Union.

He intends to ask the association
to go on record as favoring medical
inspection of waitresses, waiters,
grocery and bakery clerks and every
person who in any manner touches
food while it is on the way to the
consumer.

Sec. 8. of the sanitary food law of
1909 is the provision on which Mr.
Barnard expects to base his fight.
The law states that no employer shall
require, permit or suffer any person
to work, nor shall any person work
in a building or vehicle occupied or
used for the production, preparation,
manufacture, packing, storage, sale,
distribution and transportation of
food, who is affected with any of the
social diseases, or other diseases well
known to be either contagious or in-
fectious.

"If people knew just how frequent-
ly this law is ignored," said Mr.
Barnard, "there would be a public re-
bellion. Just the other day I enter-
ed a downtown restaurant and a man
noticeably diseased came up to my
table to take my order. Did I eat
there? I should say I did not.

"The medical profession informs
me, and I know that what the doctors
have told me is true, that waiters and
waitresses especially are infected to
a great degree by the so-called social
diseases. Yet they are permitted to
handle the food that we eat in many
public places.

"If John Doe owns a restaurant
and our inspectors enter it and find
one of his employes infected we have
a perfect right, under this law, and
indeed it is our duty, to prosecute not
only John Doe but his diseased em-
ployee. The fact that John Doe did
not know that his employe is diseased
does not excuse him under the law.

"What will this ironclad law mean?
It will mean just this, as soon as the
food supply men learn that we mean
business: That in all these estab-
lishments medical examination will
result because in protecting the pub-
lic, the food men will have to protect
themselves against prosecution by de-
manding medical certificates from
their employes. This is a good law
and we are going to see to it that it
is enforced."

Mr. Barnard said that restaurant
and hotel keepers and other persons
manufacturing or selling foodstuffs
do not realize the extent of infectious
or contagious diseases among their
employes. He said if these men un-
derstood conditions as they exist that
"they would cause a personal house-
cleaning for their own protection."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot
reach the diseased portion of the ear.
There is only one way to cure deaf-
ness, and that is by constitutional reme-
dies. Deafness is caused by an in-
flamed condition of the mucous lining
of the Eustachian Tube. When this
tube is inflamed you have a rumbling
sound or imperfect hearing, and when
it is entirely closed, Deafness is the
result, and unless the inflammation
can be taken out and the tube restored
to its normal condition, hearing will
be destroyed forever; nine cases out
of ten are caused by catarrh, which is
nothing but an inflamed condition of
the mucous services.

We will give One Hundred Dollars
for any case of Deafness (caused by
catarrh) that cannot be cured by
Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for cir-
culars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for con-
stipation.

The local agency of the Cook Brew-
ing Company will be closed on Satur-
day. There will still remain five beer
agencies in the city.

A sprained ankle may as a rule be
cured in from three to four days by
applying Chamberlain's Liniment and
observing the directions with each
bottle. For sale by all dealers.

KEEP YOUR WALLET CLOSED

Until you are confident that you are
getting FULL VALUE for your money.

RAY R. KEACH'S COUNTRY

STORE on East 2nd St. is one of the
places in Seymour where a dollar does
its duty. If you are not now trading
here, sooner or later you will for our
prices on staple merchandise are
tempting to everyone. It is easy for
us to sell for less when you under-
stand that I have 3 large stores us-
ing as many goods as any concern in
Southern Indiana which enables us to
buy in quantities, thereby getting low-
est prices.

Sugar, best Granulated or extra C
per lb. 5½c
Best Granulated Sugar per 25 lb.
bag \$1.37

"Above prices on sugar to be had
with a purchase of other merchan-
dise only."
Search Light Double Dip Matches
2 for 5c

10c Peerless Milk 2 cans for... 15c
10c can Rubbers, 2 dozen for... 15c
5c can Rubbers 3 for... 10c
Porcelain lined Fruit Jar Lids per
dozen 15c
Kiss-Me Chewing Gum 2 for... 5c
1 box 25 double sheets of Tangle
Foot for 30c
Jersey Corn Flakes, package...
13c or 2 for 25c
International Binder Twine, either
Standard or Sisal per lb... 8c
Plain Tag Twine, lb... 7½c
Best No. 1 Harvester Oil per gal. 35c
Binder Whips, each... 50c
Binder and Mower Sections, each 5c
22 Short Cartridges per box... 11c
Wire fencing, nails and salt on
hands in ear load lots, screen doors
and screen wire if bought here will
save you 20 per cent.
We are headquarters for picnic
goods.

RAY R. KEACH

East Second Street, Seymour, Indiana



The Paint That Gives Results

CONKEY'S POULTRY REMEDIES.

LICE. Use Conkey's Lice Powder on your fowls. Cleanse roosts
with lice liquid, and in severe cases dip the fowls in the
diluted liquid.

CHOLERA. Conkey's Cholera Remedy is guaranteed.
WHITE DIARRHOEA. Many have tested this valuable remedy and
claim it the best yet.

ROUP. Conkey's Roup Remedy never fails.

GAPES. Successfully treated with Conkey's Gape Remedy:
Feed a small quantity each day of Conkey's Poultry Tonic, and
keep your fowls in a healthful condition.

Rucker's Drug Store

JUST OPENED

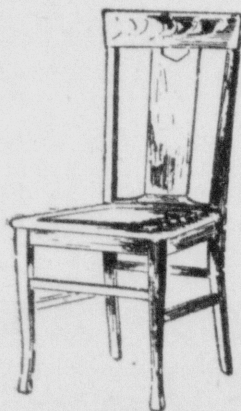
One Lot of Ladies' Undermuslins

Ladies' Drawers - 25, 50 and 75c
Ladies' Skirts from - \$1.00 to \$1.75
Ladies' Gowns - 50c to \$1.00
Corset Covers - 50c and 75c

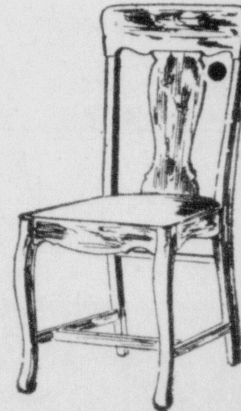
Men's Union Suits - 50c and \$1.00
Men's Balbriggan Underwear - 50c and 75c

W. H. Reynolds

South Chestnut Street. Phone 163.



Furniture ---OF--- Quality



If you are going to furnish a home
do it right. It doesn't cost any more.
So many couples at the start-out,
feeling that they must go easy, are
led to buy inexpensive furniture.
Good furniture can be sold at moder-
ate prices, furniture that is strong
and durable, in fact real furniture.
We are doing this. You can prove
by investigation. They are facts
worth looking into.

HEIDEMAN

Advertise in The REPUBLICAN. It PAYS

MEN'S WARM
WEATHER CLOTHING

SPECIALS

You can enjoy these sizzling hot days if you are properly clothed.

A pair of our White Serge Trousers are cool and correct to the minute. All wool, in plain and fancy patterns, stylish cut, \$5.00.

Then a pair of nice White Oxfords add wonderfully. They are real Dress Shoes at \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$4.00.

Laundry Ties—four-in-hands, plain white and fancy patterns—are correct to the minute for Summer neckwear. 25 and 50 cents.

STRAW HATS that are live ones. Sailors \$1.00 to \$3.50. Panamas \$5.00 and \$7.00.

THE HUB

WHERE STYLES ARE NEWEST

STENCIL OUTFITS -- 25c

6 TUBES COLOR--3 STENCILS

T. R. CARTER'S

Every Day Specials

New Tomatoes, Cherries, Watermelons, New Potatoes, New Beans, New Cabbage and many other GOOD THINGS too numerous to mention here.

Mayes' Cash Grocery,

7 West Second St.

Phone No. 658

Getting Better

Every day—the sunshine, the flowers, the crops, the world and the people in it. Even our talcum, toilet powders, perfumes and soaps, good as they always have been, are nearer perfection than ever before. It pays to get the best.

Use Nyal Face Cream once a day for a fair skin. 25c.

Cox Pharmacy

The Prescription Drug Store—Phone 100

Phone 715. Office Hours: 8-12 a.m.; 1-5; 7-8 p.m.

DR. G. W. FARVER

Practice Limited to DISEASES of the EYE and FITTING GLASSES

With STRATTON, The Jeweler, Seymour, Ind.

WEDDING PRESENTS
OF SILVER WARE

Best of the many variations, the variations are in our stock but we carry only one kind, that of the highest quality. It shows for itself that it is not the cheap premium or mail order quality.

It's wear will prove it.

J. G. LAUPUS, Jeweler
CHESTNUT STREET.



Do you remember your first lesson in telling time? It's ten to one the watch was a Waltham. The Waltham was the best watch then and is the best to-day.

Waltham Watches

of the Colonial Series are the new, very thin, up-to-date models—in every respect the finest, high-grade gentleman's watch made.

"It's Time You Owned a Waltham."
We carry a large assortment of Waltham Watches in all grades. See us about a Waltham.

Stratton & Son,
Jewelers

Closing Out Sale

Of About 20 Summer Suits
15 Per Cent. Off
Must be sold by July 1.

Cleaning, Pressing and Dyeing.

D. DeMATTEO

1 Door E. of Traction Sta. Phone 468.

The Spauhurst Osteopaths.

Chronic Diseases and Deformities a Specialty. Osteopathy adds years to your life and life to your years. Lady attendant. Phone, office 557; residence 305. 14 West Second St., Seymour.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Scott Everhart spent today in Cincinnati.

John Dixon went to Jeffersonville this morning.

Phil Meek made a business trip to Chicago this morning.

Mrs. Margaret Gudgel went to Louisville this morning.

Miss Mary Davis of near Crothersville, was here this morning.

Mrs. T. R. Haley is at home from a visit in Washington county.

Harry M. Miller returned from a business trip to Indianapolis this morning.

Charles Pauley and Samuel Rittenhouse went to Cincinnati this morning.

Mrs. N. T. Moore and daughter went to Pleasant Grove this morning to spend the day.

Mrs. Clarence Ahl, of Muncie came Monday to visit Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Ahl, just east of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Andy Frey arrived home Monday from a ten days' visit with their children in Milwaukee, Wis.

Mrs. J. P. Sheron and daughter, Miss Mayme went to Marion this afternoon to visit Mrs. Morris Mayer.

Mrs. F. E. McCarty of Louisville, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Peter Kidd, went to Cincinnati this morning.

Mrs. Fred Niehaus and Mrs. C. W. Stanfield went to Columbus this morning to spend the day with Mrs. G. W. Neptune.

Frank Batchelor of the B. & O. was called to Logansport this morning by the serious illness of his brother, Horace Batchelor.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Simon returned to their home in Paris, Ky. Monday after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Simon.

Miss Lena Ahlert returned to Cincinnati this morning after several days' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Ahlert.

Mrs. John Lemen and daughter, Esther Mae, went to Scottsburg this morning to spend the day with Mrs. C. E. Furnish, who was formerly Miss Ruby Green.

Miss Carrie Ballman returned to her home in Cincinnati Monday afternoon after visiting Mrs. L. F. Miller. Miss Elsie Miller accompanied her home for a visit.

Mrs. W. H. Malott of Indianapolis was here this morning on her way to Tunnelton to see her father, Alfred Guthrie. Mrs. Malott has recently returned from a trip to the Philippine Islands where she visited her son for several months.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Eckstein who have been the guests of his brother, Louis Eckstein and family, went to Mitchell today to spend the day with Mrs. Mary Cassin before going to their home in Vincennes.

Miss Mentoria McDonald returned from Bloomington this morning where she is attending Indiana University. Miss Josephine Lockridge, also a student, accompanied her and will be her house guest for several days.

Practical Fashions

GIRL'S DRESS.



This is a good idea for a school frock for the little girl. The garment is developed in figured material with yoke and front panel of plain goods. Madras, percale, gingham, lawn, challis, or for dressy occasions, foulard, is available. Blue and white plaid or checked gingham with plain blue or white yoke and panel is quite attractive.

The pattern (No. 5763) is cut in sizes 6 to 12 years. Medium size requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch figured goods with 1/2 of a yard of 27 inch plain material.

To procure this pattern, send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size, and number of pattern.

NO 5763. SIZE.....
NAME.....
TOWN.....
STREET AND NO.....
STATE.....

DEATH TOLL LARGE

List Grows in The Disaster at Niagara Falls.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 25.—Every report today added to the toll of dead in Sunday night's accident in Eagle Park Grand Island, when fifty feet of an excursion pier collapsed and dropped 100 persons into the Niagara River. The semi-darkness, the tempestuous current of the river at that point, the confusion and swiftness of it all, served to cover up for a time the full extent of the catastrophe.

Up to last night seventeen bodies had been recovered and identified and there was a list of eleven more who were known to have been at the park and had not yet been accounted for.

There was considerable disorder at Eagle Park after the accident. Employees of the place refused to lend any aid to Dr. Stocker, the deputy medical examiner, in his efforts to recover bodies and his investigations were hampered by drunken men. No representative of the sheriff appeared and Dr. Stocker finally ordered all the bodies sent to Buffalo as rapidly as they were recovered.

The accident has brought out strikingly the entire absence of pier inspection. Federal authorities deny any responsibility in this respect, stating that their duty ends with steamboat inspection. There is no county official charged with the responsibility of seeing that the piers at river resorts are in proper condition.

District Attorney Dudley visited the scene today, but he will take no action until an inquest is held.

KERN WITHDRAWS
FROM THE FIGHT

(Continued from First Page.)

speech, Mr. Kern arose and in an address before the convention withdrew his name from the temporary chairman fight and declared that Mr. Bryan was the man entitled to the honor and was capable of making a progressive fight. Mr. Kern stated that he did not desire to make the race on account of his friendly, personal relations with Judge Parker, and also because Indiana had a presidential candidate.

Before his speech, Senator Kern offered to withdraw if Parker would quit the race, but Parker refused to make any statement. After waiting a few minutes for Mr. Parker to reply, Senator Kern presented the name of Mr. Bryan.

Useful Article Missing.

Dr. William Tindall says that the published accounts of the reputed antagonism of a member of congress to the use of the toothbrush reminds him of an incident which occurred a number of years ago on a steamboat which ran from Galveston to Houston.

One morning, while the passengers were at breakfast, one of the travelers, who was somewhat belated in perfecting his toilet, and who, obviously, was one of those who are somewhat unfamiliar with the etiquette of the toothbrush, appeared at the door of his stateroom, which opened into the hall that served as a dining room, and called out with a drawl such as might have been expected from a primitive denizen of the back country: "Say, cap'n, whar I find the toothbrush that belongs to the boat?"

A "Want Ad." in the Republican is a "Want Ad." in the Home.

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

GIFTS
for
JUNE
BRIDES

June, the season of roses and brides, finds us ready to meet all demands with a brilliant array of beautiful and useful Wedding Jewels.

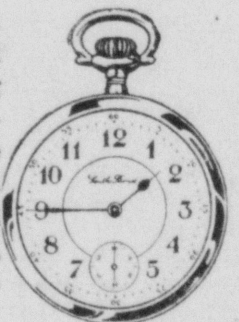
WEDDING SILVER

The Silver you buy as a Wedding gift testifies to your taste and judgment. Our magnificent collection of Wedding Silverware awaits your critical inspection.

Knives, forks and spoons in a wide variety of new designs. Silver tea sets, serving trays and all the requisites of fine table appointment.

WATCHES

Rings, etc. You will find here anything and everything in the line of gift jewelry and watches, etc., all priced extremely low.



T.M. JACKSON

Selling Agents for South Bend Watches
GEO. F. KAMMAN, Optician.



A HIT

And a big one. That's what our up-to-date method of repairing shoes has made. Ask any one who has given the machine repairing way a trial; that's the method we have in turning out the work. Give us a trial, you will notice a great difference, not only in neatness, but in durability for wearing as well. Look around and see if you haven't a pair of shoes that need repairing.

W.N. FOX
Electric Shoe Shop

120 E. Second St., Seymour, Ind.

Dr. E. D. WRIGHT

Over Laupus Jewelry Store

PHONES: Office 184 Residence 677



DON'T GET IN A SWEAT

over the coal question. Keep cool and buy the kind of coal that will keep you warm with the fewest trips to the coal-lar. Try our soft coal this year. You'll find it goes so much farther than ordinary fuel. It's coal economy to buy here.

Raymond City at \$4.00 a Ton.

Phone 4.

Ebner Ice and Cold Storage Co
Exclusive Agents

Hammocks,

Lawn Mowers,

Ironing Boards,

Window Screens,

Porch Mats.

—The—
Racket Store



IT'S GREAT FUN TO PLAN

your home when you intend to build. You will then find real problems confronting you which we can help solve. To be perfectly safe on the quality and seasoning of your lumber and the trim, sash, doors, blinds, balustrades, newel posts, make your specifications in your contract with us and you will have the best that's milled anywhere when you buy at

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.
419 S. Chestnut St.

Building Material

The Very Best
at the
Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

High Grade Mill Work

Veneered Doors and Interior Finish.

Travis Carter Co.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Are given special attention here. We always have a fresh supply of Drugs.

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CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.
Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and Fitting Glasses.

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Monday and Thursday evenings, 7 to 9
Andrews Bldg. Phone 245, Seymour, Ind.

See the
Unique Automatic
Display in
Our Show
Window.

It Will Interest the Children.

Thomas Clothing
Company

FELT BAD ALL THE TIME

Shellhorn Lady Suffered a Great Deal, But Is All Right Now.

Shellhorn, Ala.—In a letter from this place, Mrs. Carrie May says: "A short time ago, I commenced to have weak spells and headaches. I felt bad all the time, and soon grew so bad I couldn't stay up. I thought I would die.

At last my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, and it helped me; so he got some more. After I had taken the second bottle, I was entirely well.

I wish every lady, suffering from womanly trouble, would try Cardui. It is the best medicine I know of. It did me more good than anything I ever used."

Cardui is a woman's tonic—a strengthening medicine for women, made from ingredients that act specifically on the womanly organs, and thus help to build up the womanly constitution to glowing good health.

As a remedy for woman's ills, it has a successful record of over 50 years.

Your druggist sells it. Please try it. N. B.—Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

Heart to Heart Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE.

A NEGLECTFUL MOTHER.

A teacher in one of the schools of a big city made great effort to keep in order a boy eleven years of age, son of a wealthy society woman.

Following a series of misdemeanors, she sent him home. She told him to in form his mother why he had been dismissed. Next day she asked the lad if he had told his mother.

"No."

"Why?" asked the teacher.

"Well, teacher, I haven't seen mother for nearly two weeks, and then she was just going out. When I start to school in the morning she is asleep, and they won't let me wake her. When I get home in the evening she is at some afternoon tea, and when she comes home late at night I am in bed. So I don't often see her."

"In the school this youth is known as 'the bad boy.'"

But who is really bad—this boy or his mother?

It may seem cruel to so characterize the mother, but—

The woman is criminally neglectful.

In the sight of God she is guilty of breaking down the walls of her home, of exposing her own flesh and blood, of permitting the soul of her son to be twisted by influences alien to the home, of depriving her boy of a mother's guidance and influence.

Driven by her mad passion for entertainment or by some insatiable spirit of restlessness, she leaves her son to his own devices.

Is it not tragic—and pathetic?

"The boy is at the age when the body is aquiver with vitality and the mind restless and eager for impressions. Is it strange he should blunder into evil ways?"

He is not to blame.

Under a better environment he might have been different. Send such a boy to the country, give him opportunity to work off his surplus energy, give him wholesome interests, make a chain of him, care for him, and he is likely to grow up a good and useful man.

Now he bids fair to grow into a rich hoodlum or a rake, a creature without stamina, physical, mental or moral; a ruined boy, the wages of whose sin may be early disgrace or premature death.

And some day—

Some day a dart shall pierce the soul of this boy's mother for having brought a man-child into the world and abandoned him to fate.

Fifty Years Ago Today. June 25.

Beginning of the "Seven Days battles" in front of Richmond. The left wing of the army of the Potomac advanced the lines to within four miles of the city. The Confederates disputed the ground, but were forced back.

Thomas and John Plunkett of Columbus, spent a few hours here Monday evening.

Most Miles Per Dollar

The most durable rubber, the sturdiest strain-resisting construction, make

Firestone
Tires and Rims

undisputed leaders by right of service accomplishment.

Sold By All Dealers Who Consider Quality

It is a good thing that freckles are almost never fatal.

The country has 149 retired admirals and only 28 active ones.

The public comb and brush have gone to join the roller towel.

Note the growing smile on the face of the man who owns the summer garden.

In spite of the crusade against tips we still have with us the fool who tips the boat.

The human race, we are told, is 300,000 years old, but it is extremely childish for its age.

Another victory for the downtrodden workman. The price of terrapin has been reduced.

Dr. Pearsons died poor, but he deprived the lawyers of a great deal of profitable amusement.

Trousers will be worn shorter this year, but there will be no corresponding shortage in the price.

It is true that the death rate from tuberculosis is falling, but keep the windows open just the same.

A British visitor informs us that we waste too much time on elections, but think of all the fun we have.

Many a man who shows plenty of push in business will try to pull away when asked to push a lawnmower.

The English sparrow is at any rate better than a diet of crow, and the political bosses should act accordingly.

Housekeeping may be good exercise, as a physical culture expert says, but it savors too much of work to be popular.

It costs six cents in Pittsburg to beat one's mother-in-law. Pittsburg being the home of millionaires, luxuries come high.

A beauty doctor tells us that a slap in the face aids the complexion. A wallop on the eye certainly lends color to the countenance.

Women this year are wearing gowns similar to those of 1835, but the average woman would rather have smallpox than wear last year's gown.

It is safe to say that no housewife, unless she wants a divorce, has had the temerity to tie pink ribbons on the snow shovel and hang it up in the living room.

A sheriff in Connecticut died of the excitement caused by stopping a baseball game. Sheriffs should be of that sterner stuff of which baseball umpires are also made.

A scientist informs us that the average human body contains material for seven bars of soap, but we know some men whose appearance would hardly lead to that conclusion.

The man who writes seed catalogues is an honored member of the Ananias club, but he is an amateur in comparison with the man who writes summer resort literature.

The furnaces of the world, it is estimated, burn 2,000,000,000 tons of coal a year. But many a man feels as though his own furnace, during the past winter, has done almost as well as that alone.

New York hack drivers have demanded police protection during the small hours of the night. Probably that is the only way they can prevent their customers from forcing excessive fares upon them.

Walters in one of Chicago's clubs struck when a rule forbidding tipping was put in force. One wonders what a waiter who strikes because he is not permitted to be a fawning sycophant thinks of himself.

A college professor says that boys go wrong because of the things they carry in their pockets. Girls, having no pockets, of course have to wait until they grow old enough to load their junk into a hand bag.

Pittsburg's police superintendent says that he will not interfere with innocent spooning in the public parks. Pittsburg's police superintendent's name is Thomas McQuade, and he has a warm heart to fit the name.

New England has a shoeing trust. What of it? If some corporation will corner all the hooks and eyes and refuse to sell those horrid devices it will secure the gratitude of several thousand married men.

A nature faker in Colorado says he owns a lamb with a hoof at the end of its tail. Although its economic value is in no way increased thereby, the lamb is saved a good deal of trouble when it feels like kicking itself.

The medical opinion that women read faster than men because the blood flows more freely in the posterior part of their brain may be a technical expression of why they read the end of a book first to see how it comes out.

In San Francisco, the defendant in a divorce suit ignored his child, but asked that the custody of a pet spaniel be awarded to him. The dog with the child was awarded by the court to the more human-minded of the conjugal partners in the case.

FRIENDSHIP

Manner of Feeling That Brings Man Into Companionship with God.

WHEN a man says friendship, I think he utters the deepest word in human speech. It ranks even a little higher than love, being a sort of unselfed love, love with the itch and hunger extracted.

We do not love our friends; we like them. We love our children, wife and parents, and kinfolks. We like apples and custard pie and a cozy fire and a good bed and slippers—and our friend. Like goes farther in than love. Like is a voice from the subconscious self, a cry from the inward and unknown me. It lies behind the will, beneath the judgment, in the far darkness of our secret soul.

It does not say that a wife cannot be also a friend; but she rarely is; she is usually an enemy, to whom we are most passionately attached. And if she be a friend, then that friendship has grown up from other sources, and is of a different texture and quality from the sex motives which make marriages. Not many women would tolerate comradeship from a husband. Perhaps this is as it should be, and nature needs fiercer fires for her necessary results.

Still rarer is friendship between parent and child. It is an amazing thing I have noticed here, how warm, intelligent and cultured father and son both strive for friendship and cannot attain it. Sometimes they succeed, but so rarely that it may be called a phenomenon.

Whence, then, come friends? And who are they? And how can one make them? All answers to these pathetic questions seem to me to be unsatisfactory, partial, insufficient, and by the way. The rules of the wise will not work. We do not make friends by being noble and good; friendship does not arise from similarity of tastes; and otherwise one can, in actual experience, drive a two-horse wagon through all and any of the prescriptions of the proverbial philosophers.

Much of a Mystery.

The fact is that the secret springs of friendship are wholly mysterious. Searching for them we must report like the Louisiana sheriff reported on the back of a writ "duces tecum" which he had been given to serve upon a negro who had escaped into the swamp: "Non comattibus, up stumpum, in swampo." As I look over my friends I find I like them as a dog likes his master. So I conclude that this emotion must originate in some Newfoundland or St. Bernard region of my nature, and, is probably one of those instincts not yet eliminated by evolution, something I share with dogs.

For all that I honor it as the best thing I am conscious of. I am prouder of liking my friends than of any other of my small bunch of virtues. When I think of Bill and Lige and Al and Ralph and Newt I get a kind of warmth about the cockles of my heart no other contemplation can produce.

And the biggest hurts I have ever felt are those made by the disloyalty of others whom I thought friends and trusted. Nothing is so salt and nauseous to the soul as the taste of Judas in the mouth of memory.

And it seems to me—for this, after all, is a sermon—that religion, rightly taken, is rather a friendship for God than a love for God, and that we would better translate all the Bible's admonitions to love God by the paraphrase to be friends with God.

To love God has a conventional sound; but to be a friend of God—that is a searching and swordlike word. It means to like him; not to avoid him; to seek his presence; to be at home with him; to be cheered, consoled, quieted by the thought of him.

Speaking for myself, I can say that I never came into this comfortable relationship until I had swept away all I had ever been taught, dared to presume upon the debt God had incurred toward me by making me, and took my rightful place as his son at his table.

It does not require any assumption of holiness or sinlessness to do this; it only needs to presume upon the vast noble mindedness, kindness and forbearing wisdom of such a heart as Jesus reveals to us. It requires a tremendous burst of moral courage to believe God likes the kind of man I am; but I do believe it, and the result is the greatest ethical dynamic of my life—the friendship of God.—Dr. Frank Crane.

A Morning Prayer.

My Christ, I am not worthy. My faith is weak, my mind is confused, I am sinful and sick. But I pray thee to heal me in soul and body, for thou art my only hope and thou art my only Savior. Call me thy son. Bid me be of good cheer. Bless me as thou seest is best for me and send me on my way to live for thee. That is what I ask, dear Master, and I know I ask not in vain. Amen.

Labor.

That there is something radically wrong with the industrial situation is proved by the fact that there were last year approximately 1,000,000 in this country alone in actual want, many of them through no fault of their own, but as the result of conditions over which they have no control.—Rev. W. R. Tourtelot, Episcopalian, Providence.

The War Fifty Years Ago

Battle Between Federal Gunboats and Confederate Land Batteries at St. Charles, Ark.—Fearful Destruction by a Confederate Shell—Crew of the Federal Ironclad Mound City Nearly Annihilated by a Well Aimed Shot—Federal Troops on Land Storm and Carry the Confederate Works—First Attempt of the Federals to Capture Chattanooga—The Town Bombarded—Confederates Evacuate Cumberland Gap, One of the Passes to East Tennessee.

By Captain GEORGE L. KILMER, Late U. S. V.

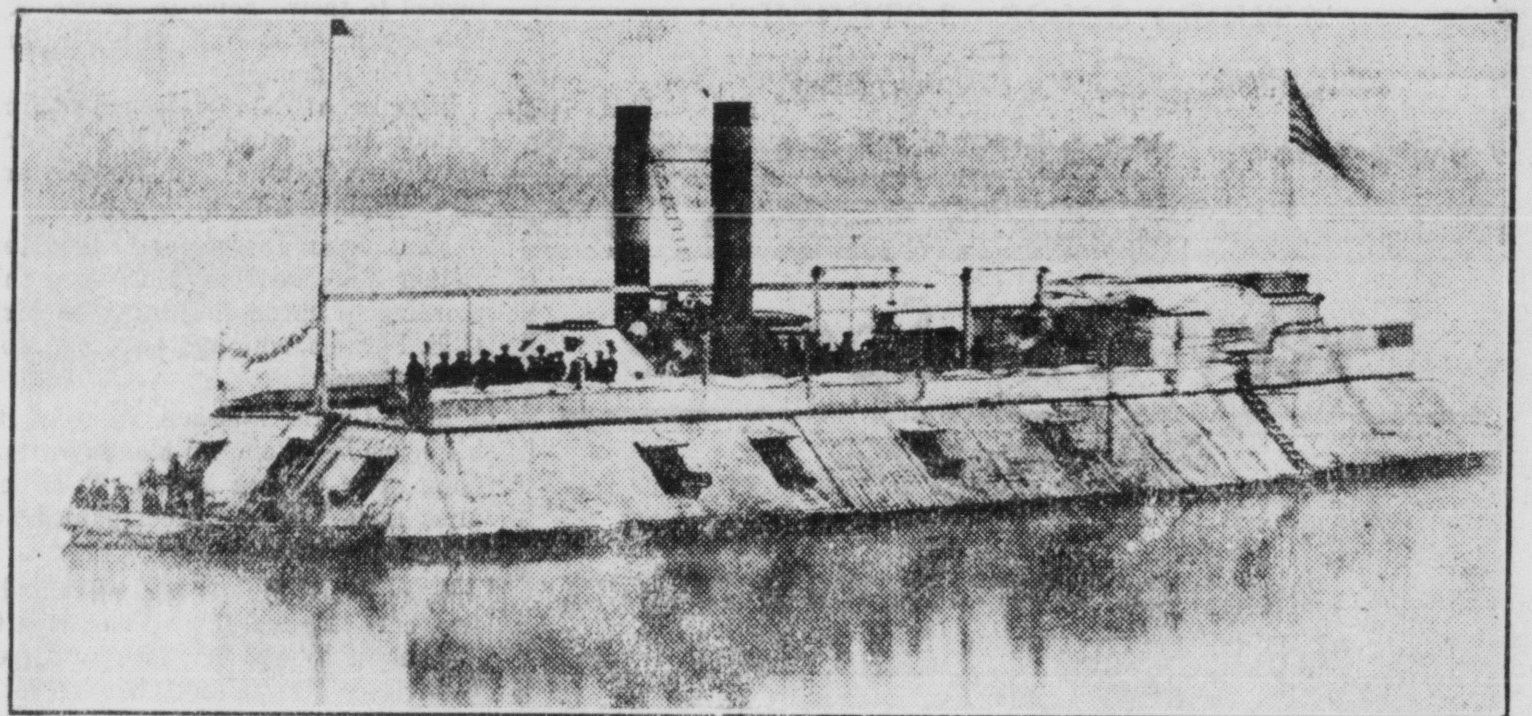
AFTER the defeat of Montgomery's Confederate flotilla at Memphis on the 6th of June, 1862, by the combined naval forces of Flag Officer Davis and Colonel Ellet the Federal squadron anchored at Memphis. Immediately after the battle Davis had formed the project of sending ships up the Arkansas and White rivers to cut off the Confederate gunboats, which were supposed to have taken refuge there, among them the Van Dorn, the only vessel of Montgomery's flotilla which escaped destruction or capture on June 6. There were two Confederate gunboats in White river, the Maurepas and the Pontchartrain, which had previously been in the Confederate flotilla at Island No. 10, the former under Lieutenant Joseph Fry and the latter under John W. Dunnington.

On June 10 Davis received a telegram from Washington urging him to open communications with a Federal column under General S. R. Curtis, then moving eastward through Arkansas for the Mississippi shore. Davis accord-

steamed ahead and tossed shell and grape into the woods and bushes along shore.

Fry's guns kept silent until the Mound City came abreast of his lower battery, the naval rides from the Maurepas. A broadside from these guns drew the fire of all the fleet upon the batteries, and at the same time Williams' sharpshooters were hunted out of their lair by the shell and small shot from the gunboats and the bullets of Fitch's skirmishers. Under cover of the gunboat fire Fitch pushed his men up to the rear of the lower battery and, after looking the ground over, signaled to Kilty that he would storm the place. Kilty quickly responded that the navy would take the contract alone.

Captain Kilty brought the Mound City to directly in front of Fry's four gun battery and pounded it with shot for an hour. Meanwhile Dunnington trained his guns upon the Mound City. At that Kilty signaled the St. Louis and her wooden consorts to steam up close and engage the lower battery, while the Mound City took care of the upper one. Dunnington's guns proved to be considerable distances apart.



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THE FEDERAL IRONCLAD MOUND CITY, TARGET OF A RECORD BREAKING CONFEDERATE SHOT AT ST. CHARLES, ARK.

ingly directed that the expedition should confine its operations to the White river. Ascending that stream the fleet arrived on the evening of the 16th in the neighborhood of St. Charles ninety miles from the mouth.

General T. C. Hindman commanded what remained of the Confederate forces in Arkansas, and surmising that the warships might take the notion to inspect the interior of his bailiwick he ordered the troops and vessels in White river to make a stand at the bluffs below St. Charles.

Naval Guns on Land.

The expedition for the defense of the bluff consisted of the gunboats Pontchartrain and Maurepas, with 100 men on the ground and Colonel Allison Nelson's Texas regiment on the way from the Lone Star State to reinforce Hindman where they could do the most good. Thirty-five rifles were all the weapons that could be scraped up for the 100 men. The unarmed men were set to work to obstruct the channel.

Captain Joseph Fry of the Maurepas was the inspiring genius of the defense. He had served in the old United States navy. Lieutenant J. W. Dunnington was commander of the Pontchartrain, and Captain A. C. Williams handled the land troops. Two thirty-two pounder rifles from the Pontchartrain were placed in battery on the bluffs to be worked by the crew of the vessel. Down stream from Dunnington's battery Fry placed four guns from his own ship, and still farther down Williams stationed the thirty-five riflemen as sharpshooters.

Just above the batteries the Confederates began a row of piles, hoping to bring the attacking vessels to a stand under the guns of the batteries. The sudden appearance of the Federal fleet put an end to the work, but Fry scuttled and sank the Maurepas, with two transports, between the piles and the bank on either side. Fry got news of a formidable expedition coming up the river, but every hour brought Nelson's Texans nearer, and he decided to wait and fight.

Gunboats Begin to Shoot.

During the night of June 16 the Federal ships anchored just below the batteries. The fleet consisted of the ironclad Mound City and St. Louis and the wooden gunboats Conestoga and Tyler. Colonel G. N. Fitch, whose regiment, the Forty-sixth Indiana, was on board, commanded the expedition, and A. H. Kilty of the Mound City was chief of the flotilla. Early on the morning of the 17th Colonel Fitch landed his men below the bluffs and marched along the heights to engage Williams' sharpshooters. At the same time the fleet, led by the Mound City,

Captain Kilty passed the first under a good headway without silencing it, and his ship was soon between the fire of two heavy guns in point blank range.

A Record Breaking Shot.

For an hour and a half the ships fought the batteries. Fitch's men at the same time crowded the riflemen back upon the bluffs. Fry took alarm at the unexpected boldness of Fitch's men, and sent word to Dunnington, urging him to send to the rear of the bluffs every man that could be spared from the guns. It was the crisis of the fight, and Nelson's Texans were not yet on hand. Dunnington stayed by the gun farthest up stream. Having an unobstructed range of the daring ironclad, he took careful aim and landed a shell near her bow that for destructiveness stands unrivaled in the history of gunnery during the war.

The missile crashed through the plating of the Mound City on the port side, killed eight men at the gun nearest its track and then passed through the steam drum fore and aft. Volumes of scalding steam poured through the gun chambers, and in an instant the proud ironclad became a ship of anguish and death. The slowly turning wheel kept on revolving until the bow of the vessel was close inshore near the Confederate guns. Dunnington saw that his shot had torn through the vitals of his antagonist and ceased firing.

Fitch anxiously watched the progress of the gunboat fight from his position on the bluff. Seeing the Mound City moving blindly inshore and sailors jumping headlong through the ports and from the decks into the water, with clouds of steam belching from the hatches, he concluded that Kilty and the ironclad were out of the fight. First signaling the St. Louis, Conestoga and Tyler to cease firing, he rushed his men upon the batteries.

Fierce Struggle on Shore.

Williams' Confederate riflemen were seen to be firing upon the struggling sailors in the water, and Fitch told his best marksmen to pay attention to them while the main body dashed for the guns of the four gun battery—Dunnington's. Fry, rallying what men he could call around him, made a final stand behind Dunnington's guns, but was soon shot down and captured.

When ordered to stop firing by Fitch the commander of the St. Louis steamed up and hooked on to the Mound City. She had been deserted by all her abledomed men. Kilty was severely scalded and lost an arm shot away. His crew of 173 was reduced to twenty-three fit for duty. In the casemate where the shot took effect eighty-three were killed by the enemy's fire or by

scalding steam. In the water twenty-five wounded sailors were picked up and also the bodies of forty-two who had jumped from the ship. Some of these last were struck by the bullets of the Confederate sharpshooters.

In spite of the disaster Captain Kilty's boldness won the day. The gallant attack by his ships upon the batteries took the enemy by surprise, and they let slip the opportunity given by Dunnington's clever shot. Colonel Fitch's Indianians carried the entire bluff within an hour, but Nelson's Texans were already within sound of the firing, and an hour's delay might have defeated the Federals and ended in the loss of all their ships.

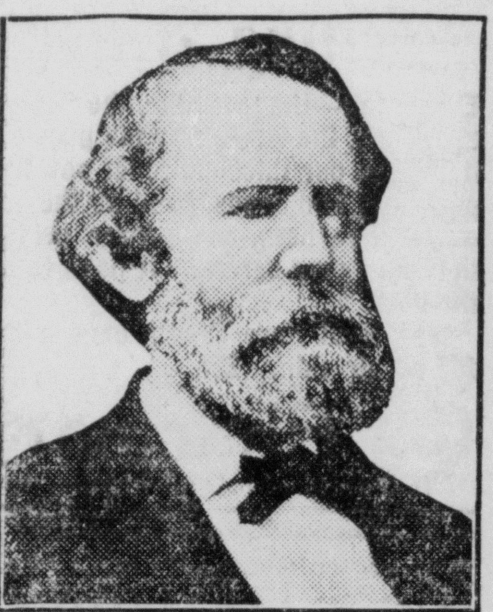
The expedition continued up White river unopposed until falling water put an end to progress. Meanwhile General Curtis marched through to Helena, on the Mississippi, without getting in touch with the gunboat expedition.

Other Events of the Week.

On the 21st skirmishes took place on the Federal outposts in the vicinity of Battle Creek, near Chattanooga, Tenn. General O. M. Mitchel was in command there. Immediately after the battle of Shiloh, in April, Mitchel had marched a division of General D. C. Buell's army from middle Tennessee to Huntsville, Ala. In this region he held out for weeks, carrying on a vigorous campaign against Chattanooga, an incident of which was the Andrews railroad raid, which resulted in the execution of several Ohio soldiers as spies.

Finally, on June 7, General J. S. Negley, whose Federal brigade had advanced to the north bank of the Tennessee river, bombarded Chattanooga across the river. There were 3,000 Confederates in and around the town, and the Confederate commander of the department, General Kirby Smith, was on the ground, having arrived from Knoxville that day. General Negley reached the conclusion that he could take Chattanooga, but could not hold it because he had no bridges, boats or

supplies for the hazardous campaign. Negley retired into east Tennessee and Mitchel remained at Battle Creek, twenty miles away, doubtful, as he reported, whether he could even hold on there in the face of Confederates pressing him on the front. General Smith was equally cautious. He feared Mitchel as much as Mitchel feared him. However, he decided to hold Chattanooga.



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GENERAL C. L. STEVENSON, C. S. A., COMMANDER OF THE DEFENSES AT CUMBERLAND GAP, TENN.

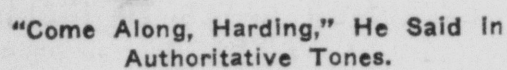
nooga. That step cost the Federals a year of campaigning for the possession of this great key to northern Georgia.

The Struggle For East Tennessee.

At this time fifty years ago the Confederates were established at Knoxville and controlled east Tennessee. That region was rich in food supplies and also in stalwart young men, "good food for powder." There were many inhabitants who adhered to the Federal cause, and for that reason the north wished to get possession. Mountain locked, the only available pass for the Federals to enter was Cumberland Gap, near the Kentucky border, north of Knoxville.

From the beginning the Confederates had held Cumberland Gap. It was well fortified and, at the time General Smith was anxiously looking to the defense of east Tennessee, seemed impregnable if manned by a small force. There were four Confederate brigades there under General C. L. Stevenson. Nevertheless, General Smith ordered the gap evacuated, so that more troops could be sent to Chattanooga. Stevenson marched out of the works on June 17, and on June 18 General G. W. Morgan marched in at the head of four Federal brigades, who had tolled over the mountains expecting to fight for the possession of the stronghold.

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"Everything," I said to Louise, "every single thing we have learned points to Crandall's connection with the mystery that has hung over your father and Katharine. When we have found him we shall learn what it was."

suicides, but I believe there will be. I shall watch every report of a suicide for the next few days with particular interest. Who the criminal is, and who his associate is—for I am convinced it is a crime of the pair—

Davis Made a Bee Line for the Desk
That Stood Open.

As we reached the front door we heard the janitor shuffling up the stairs, but we were around the corner and safely seated in a hotel cafe al-

"Be careful how you use it," he warned me. "It's a magazine gun and goes off with a very light touch."

"What do you expect me to find in Ardey?" I asked him as a taxicab

heard the automatic lock click and then began a search for the owner of box-owners. At the back of box a slip was pasted with the owner's name. To my great disappointment Box No. 17 was blank. I

The Change of Life is one of the most critical periods of a woman's existence. At such times women may rely on Dr. E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

We Have Just Received a
Large Flock

FANS

They Are Now Ready for Immediate Delivery

**SEYMOUR
PUBLIC SERVICE
COMPANY**

PHONE
499

PHONE
499



Dayton & Racyle

Two best makes of Bicycles. Have stood the test of hard service for years. No other Wheels on the market give better satisfaction. Let us show you a 1912 model.

Repair work of all kinds.

W. A. Carter & Son

Opposite The Traction Station.

BRYAN WILL HAVE SAY IN PLATFORM

(Continued from first page)

not disposed to make any concession that might affect ultimately the position into which the negroes have been relegated as citizens. It is insisted by the southwest that there is such danger in all of these propositions.

Oscar Underwood and his followers are especially determined in opposition to any reference to such proposals and will fight them to a finish.

GOOD FRIEND OF THE FARMER

Valuable Work Done by Humble Earthworm Has Not Been Sufficiently Appreciated.

The humble earthworm is one of man's best friends. The farmer and the gardener could not spare him. Dr. J. Newton Friend tells about him in Science Progress. From Dr. Friend's observations it appears that worms aerate the soil in a variety of ways.

In burrowing through the soil the worms render it more porous and permeable to gases, not merely by virtue of the air spaces formed, but by reason of the fact that the soil is thus continually kept in gentle motion. Again, the soil passing through the bodies of worms is excreted in a finer condition, being ground by attrition through the intestines. Darwin estimated that no fewer than fifteen tons of soil annually pass through the bodies of worms for every acre.

Further, worms breathe in oxygen and exhale carbon dioxide, and the latter gas, as is well known, readily dissolves in water, forming an acid solution which will render alkaline earths and metallic oxides—e. g., iron—soluble.

Worms materially aid in producing soluble salts of iron in the soil when other agencies—e. g., dilute mineral acids—fail. The iron is eventually given back to the soil in a more soluble condition, and presumably in one which can be directly absorbed by plant roots.

Clean-up Sale now going on at P. Colabuno's Shoe Store.

BOOSTERS VISIT LOCAL MERCHANTS

(Continued from first page)

of dollars to their wholesale and manufacturing market, that by all rights should have remained in Indiana. That was when we came to realize that we were not acquainted with our own Hoosier brother business men. And so we organized and began a series of visits to various parts of the state. This is our eleventh trip, and this trip is proving more and more the fact that men need to come into personal contact in order to understand each other.

"And right here I want to say that the manufacturers and jobbers located in other cities in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis are benefitting by these trips we are making. We are not seeking to take their trade from them, but we are seeking to have all the trade of the retail merchants remain in Indiana. There is plenty of room for all of us. The big outside markets are our common enemy and we've got to fight them together.

"There are things all the business men of Indiana have a common interest in, and by these trips we will be able to cooperate better to the mutual advantage to all."

The party of "Boosters" returned here at 4 o'clock but did not remain long. The longest stop on the trip, with the exception of the one at Columbus, was made at Seymour. The party will arrive in Columbus about 5 o'clock this afternoon and will remain there until about 9 o'clock when they will return to Indianapolis.

Notice K. & L. of H.

All members are requested to be at lodge Tuesday, June 25. Grand Secretary will be with us. Refreshments will be served.

J. A. Willey, Pro.

A son was born on June 24 to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Markworth of Chicago. Mrs. Markworth was formerly Miss Margaret Ahlbrand.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

Birthday Surprise.

A large crowd of friends and relatives gathered at Fred Claycamp's Sunday, to remind Mrs. Claycamp of her thirty-eighth birthday. While she was gone to church the guests came with well filled baskets and spread the dinner which was enjoyed by forty-four of her friends.

Those present were Rev. Schultz and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Claycamp, and Walter Hallow of Seymour, Henry Quade and family and Edd Claycamp and family of Reddington, John Kuhlman and family of near Waymansville, Mr. and Mrs. John Borgstedt and son Albert, Mary Moorman, Mrs. Caroline Otte and son Bennie, and Miss Bertha Kemp, George Claycamp and family, William Bode and family of Bobtown. All present spent a most delightful day.

Miss Minnie Quade entertained the ladies with some music, and the men enjoyed a good game of horseshoe. Mrs. Claycamp received several nice presents. All departed wishing her many more happy birthdays.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. will meet Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Schneck. Conveyances will leave Mrs. Frank Teckemeyer's residence on West Fourth street at 2:15 o'clock. All persons interested in the work of the organization are invited.

An interesting program has been arranged as follows:

Devotions Mrs. Keller
Business
Paper—"Power of Suggestion".....
.....Mrs. W. F. Pfaffenberger
Ladies—"Little Things in Child Life".....Mrs. Brown
"Questions or Suggestions on Care and Training of Children".....Mrs. Teckemeyer.
Music Miss Esther Schneck

Mercy an Arab Showed.

Abd-El-Kader, who died in 1883, is one of the noted patriots of Algiers. In 1833 when the Arabs rose up and tried to free themselves from the French Abd-El-Kader as sultan led his people against the French armies.

For fourteen years the war was waged, and though he had but few followers, his methods of attack and ingenious maneuvers, together with the wonderful power he held over his people, made it necessary for the French to send one hundred thousand soldiers into that country before they could conquer it. Before Abd-El-Kader's time the Arabs killed their prisoners. He treated them kindly, as guests, sending them money, clothes and food. Some women were once captured and brought to him, and as he set them free he exclaimed: "Lions attack strong animals; Jackals fall upon the weak."

Mrs. Mary S. Alderman of Bartow, Fla., is here visiting her cousin, Mrs. Mary Thomas and other relatives and friends. Mrs. Alderman formerly lived here and this is her first visit in twenty-five years.

If you need shoes attend the Sale now going on at P. Colabuno's Shoe Store.

ONE TANK OF OIL WILL BE ORDERED

Almost Enough Orders Have Been Received To Justify Purchase of 65,000 Gallons.

MORE MAY BE BOUGHT LATER

Property Owners Along Five Blocks Will Try Road Oil Upon the Streets This Summer.

A number of persons have placed orders with the city clerk for road oil to be used on the streets in front of their residences, and as soon as a few more petitions are filed a 65,000 gallon tank will be ordered. It was agreed at a meeting of the council about two weeks ago that if the property owners desiring the oil would purchase it the city would place it upon the streets without extra expense to them. It was not thought advisable to purchase less than one tank and in order that this might be done to the best advantage persons wishing to use the oil were requested to file a petition with the clerk for the amount desired.

An effort has been made to secure the cooperation of all the persons living on a block where the oil will be used, for the best results will not be obtained by oiling small sections of a street in any block. Practically all of the residents on South Poplar street opposite the Woolen Mill have consented to use the oil, and the majority of the people living on South street from the Pennsylvania line to Chestnut street have also filed petitions. One block on Chestnut street from Bruce to South street will also be oiled. A number of persons in other parts of the city have stated that they would be in favor of oiling the streets if the majority of the property owners will consent. It was stated last night that one tank would be ordered within a few days and a second tank would probably be purchased within a few weeks.

Oil has been tried upon several of the streets in the city and the property owners have been well pleased with the results. It is said that after a few weeks the oil will not track, and this is one of the principal objections to it. When the oil is used it is not necessary to sprinkle the street and if applied properly will keep the dust down during the entire summer. Where it has been tried it is stated that there is also a noticeable decrease in the number of flies.

The oil is not expensive and costs only about two dollars for a fifty foot lot. In places where it has been tried it is stated that it preserves the street as the soil packs down more solidly than where the street is kept damp with water.

There has been some talk of using the oil upon some of the county roads, and a few of the farmers have sprinkled the highway in front of their homes and declare that the result is highly satisfactory.

The test which will be given the oil this summer is the best made in Seymour and if it proves as satisfactory as expected several streets will likely be oiled next year.

SCRATCHED A LIFETIME.

Terrible Eczema Afflicts Many for Years.

Try This Remedy at Our Risk.

People whom you would not suspect of having any skin trouble, often suffer torture from eczema on the arms or thighs, and scratch all their lives thinking their case incurable.

To all such we want to say that our new remedy, Saxon Salve, is worthy of the greatest confidence in all eruptions and eruptions or scaly disorders of the skin. It soothes the skin and quiets the itching from the very first application.

It also exerts such a powerful healing influence because it is readily absorbed, and permeates every fiber of the diseased tissue, that it clears away the eruption and restores the skin to its former healthy condition. You see improvement in a few days.

There is no chance for disappointment for if Saxon Salve does not satisfy you, you get your money back. The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Camp Meeting.

The Jackson County Holiness Association will hold their annual camp meeting in the city park from July 5 to 15. Rev. Culp of Battle Creek, Mich., will have charge of the meeting and Rev. and Mrs. M. T. Brandyberry the singing.

Phone 621 for Ice. John J. Cobb.

CLASSIFIED + ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST—Watch fob. Initials "O. F." Return to Ed Fenton. jy1d

WANTED:—Position as governess by fifteen-year-old girl; two years experience; good references. Inquire here. j26d

WANTED—Woman to cook and assist with house work in small family. 301 W. 5th St. jy1d

WANTED—To rent 2 or 3 furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Inquire here. j25d

FOR SALE—At a bargain. 40 H. P. Buick. Must be sold at once to make room for new cars. McCoy-Thompson Garage, Phone 599. d&wtf

FOR SALE—Eighty acres of fine building ground in any size lots from three to twenty acres, adjoining Seymour. E. C. Bollinger. j29d

FOR SALE—Six room two story house, cistern and well. 215 West Tipton St. Inquire of B. F. Gillman. j25d

FOR SALE—New, six room house, electric lights, gas, bath, well, cistern, walks. Well located. Inquire here. jy16d&w

FOR SALE—Upright piano, Golden Oak finish. Like new, \$100. If sold quick. J. H. Eudaly. dtf

FOR SALE—Standard make, upright piano. 208, N. Lynn St. j17d

FOR RENT—Four room house centrally located, electric light in every room, good water. D. DeMatteo. j29dtf

FOR RENT—Five-room house, West Fifth street. Gas, city water. Inquire here. j27d

FOR RENT—Meadow pasture, water and shade. M. F. Bottorff. d&wtf

FOR RENT—Good upland pasture. Plenty of water. Dick Meyer, Cortland. j28d

FOR RENT—7 room house, gas and water. E. C. Bollinger. j27tf

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt. Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	Max.	Min.
June 25, 1912	86	61

Weather Indications.

Fair weather except showers in extreme south portion tonight or Wednesday. Cooler north portion Wednesday.

Notice of Sale.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell to the highest bidder for cash on Tuesday, July 2nd, 1912, at 1 o'clock, p. m., in the town of Medora, Indiana, the entire stock of general merchandise, consisting of groceries, hardware, dry goods, shoes, 2 horses, farm machinery, etc., all composing stock of Branaman & Dodds, Bankrupts. Inventory may be had by addressing undersigned, or at Medora State Bank.

HARRY F. PAVEY,

Trustee in Bankruptcy.

507 Commercial Club Bldg., Indianapolis. d&w

When your child has whooping cough be careful to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as may be required. This remedy will also liquefy the tough mucus and make it easier to expectorate. It has been used successfully in many epidemics and is safe and sure. For sale by all dealers.

Mrs. H. R. Wilford went to Bowling Green, Ky today having been called there on account of the death of Mr. Wilford's mother. Mr. Wilford will not be able to attend the funeral as he sails from New York for Colon, Panama tomorrow.

It is now well known that not more than one case of rheumatism in ten requires any internal treatment whatever. All that is needed is a free application of Chamberlain's Liniment and massaging the parts at each application. Try it and see how quickly it will relieve the pain and soreness. Sold by all dealers.

Before you buy your shoes, investigate the "Clean-up" Sale prices at P. Colabuno's Shoe Store. dtf

Welding of all broken machine parts on farm implements. W. Burkall. a26dtf

Auto passenger service. Phone 262. Joseph Ackerman. j30d

Get your Ice Cream at Sweeney's stand. m3dtf

"DIAMOND EDGE" TOOLS

Are the favorite tools of good workmen. Their all around goodness has made them so, and all who ever use them swear by them. You can't use any other kind if you want to do the best work!

Chisels, Hatchets,
Gimlets, Saws,
Bits, Files, Axes.

Kessler Hardware Company

PAROWAY For Canning Purposes

Hammocks 98c
Ice Cream Freezers
Gold and Silver Metal Polish
2 cakes for 5c
Can Rubbers 3 doz. for 10c
Can Rubbers, Double Thick, 2 doz. 15c
"Kiss-Me" Gum 2 pkgs. for 5c

The BEE HIVE

Phone 62.

Penslar Toilet Preparations

Are the finest that can be produced. Penslar Dioxide Face Cream keeps the skin soft and white. Invaluable after automobiling or any exercise which exposes the skin to the elements. Ask for booklet, Toilet Art, a treatise on the proper care of the skin, teeth, hair, etc.

C. E. Loertz

Phone 116. Successor to C. W. Milhous

EXCURSION RATES TO INDIAN SPRINGS

Dates of Sale:

June 29-30, July 6-7-13-14-20-21-27-28, Aug. 3-4-10-11-17-18-25-31, Sept. 1st.

Return Limit:

Seven days including date of sale.

Fare

One fare of the round trip plus 25c minimum 50c, children one half the adult fare minimum 25c. Fare from Seymour for round trip \$1.35.

Why not spend the week end or even week at these "Famous Springs" situated in the heart of "The Switzerland of Indiana." Numerous improvements have been made, hotel accommodations etc. are good. The price is within the reach of all, and the trip will do you good.

For further information call on local agents or write the undersigned. S. L. CHERRY, G. A.

Seymour, Ind.

J. T. AVERITT, G. P. A.

Grand Central Station

Chicago, Ill.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office:

LADIES.

Miss Bessie Brantley.

Mrs. Nancy Mead.

Mrs. Sarah Reed.

MEN.

Edd Lister.

Mr. Harvey Slaughter.

June 24, 1912.

EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

Your automobile pleasure trips will be greatly enhanced if you know just what parts of Jackson county you have traveled over. The Jackson county map locates every road in the county and indicates whether it is graveled or not. The price has been \$3.00, but we bought the whole supply at such a price that \$2.00 will get the map now. Call at The Republican office. je29-d&w

A "Want Ad." in the Republican is a "Want Ad." in the Home.

2 IN 1

SHOE POLISH

The EASY polish Makes Shoes Last Longest

F. F. DALLEY CO., Ltd.
Buffalo, N. Y.
Hamilton, Ont.

10 CTS